

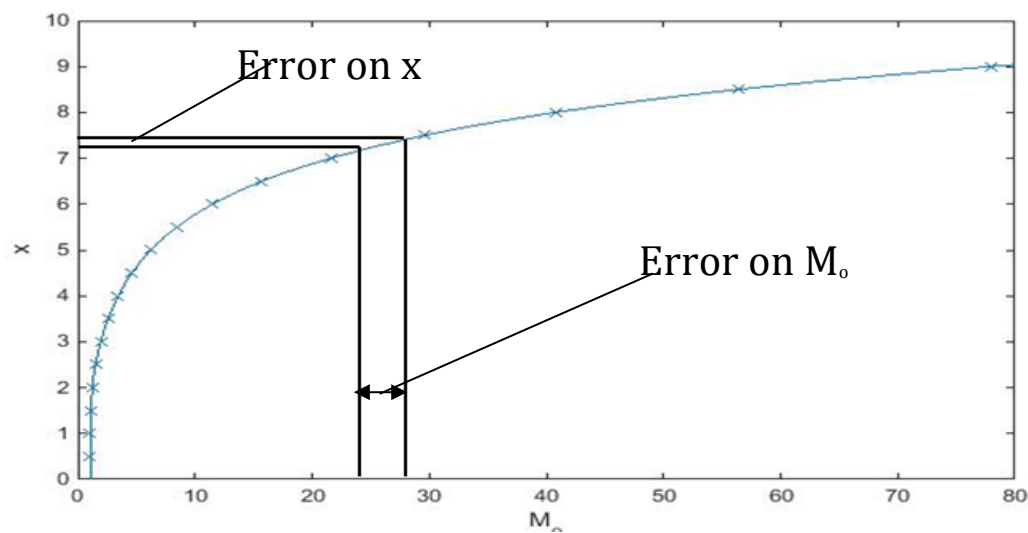


Figure 5: Calculating error on x.

The value of x for the point at which M_0 is its average value minus the uncertainty on it is found using the basic fitting function. The difference between this value of x and its average value gives the error on x .

Error on Diffusivity is calculated by error propagation using partial differentiation on equation (15). The calculated errors for the three values of Diffusivity were averaged to get a final error of $\pm 2.24 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$.

Error on the phase lag was obtained by error propagation on equation (18). The error on x was found using a plot of $\text{Arg}|M_0|$ and x , similar to how it was calculated in the previous section (Figure 5). Using equation (17), the error on diffusivity was then calculated to be $\pm 1.84 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$.

Experiment	Thermal Diffusivity	Error
Part A: Sudden Change in Temperature	$8.70 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$	$\pm 0.42 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
Part B: Periodic Change in Temperature (Amplitude)	$2.12 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$	$\pm 0.24 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
Part B: Periodic Change in Temperature (Phase lag)	$7.10 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$	$\pm 1.84 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$

5. Discussion

The results obtained from both parts of the experiment, although very close, were not within three standard deviations of each other. The reduced chi-squared values for the