# Han Dynasty of China (206 BCE-200 CE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Questions/Headings</th>
<th>Vocabulary Words</th>
<th>Notes/Details/Definitions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Topic: Han Dynasty of China</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### I. Historical setting of the Han

- Followed Qin Dynasty 221-206 BCE
- Qin ended in rebellion and Civil weak ruler and unrest
- Han dynasty was China's second imperial dynasty 206 (or 202) BCE-220 CE Followed by the three kingdoms 220-265 CE

### II. Loi-Bang emperor Gaozu of Han

- Civil war
- 2 strong leaders
- Xiang-Yu (aristocratic general)

Liu Bang (peasent class general) 202 BCE

Liu bang beat Xiang-Yu for good

Liu Bang declared start of dynasty

### III. Two periods of Han Dynasty

- Former Han
- Also called Western Han 206 BCE-9 CE

Interrupted by Xin Dynasty

Under Wang Mand 9-23 CE

Later Han

Also called Easter Han 25-220 CE

- Centralized Government
- Capital Cities
  - Chang'an 206 BCE- 9CE
  - 190-195 CE
  - Luoyang
  - 25-19 CE
  - Xuchang
  - -195-220 CE
- Lowered taxes
  - Less harsh punishment

### IV. Government under the Han

- Empress Lu

- Bureaucracy under Han
- Civil Service under Han

- Agriculture under Han

- Commerce and Trade

- Silk Roads under Han