“Deposition continues after tooth eruption”

• Increase in cemental width

• May increase 5-10 times with increasing age

• Seen more in apical and lingual aspects

• Increased surface irregularity due to accumulation of resorption bays
Supragingival plaque composition: No real qualitative differences found.

Subgingival plaque composition:
1. Same composition (or)
2. An increase in enteric rods & pseudomonas (or)
3. An increased role for Porphyromonas gingivalis &
4. A decreased role for Aggregatibacter actinomycetem comitans
A Classic experimental gingivitis study

1. Greater inflammatory response
2. Greater size of connective tissue
3. Increased GCF flow
4. Increased gingival index

Findings inconsistent with that of other studies...

3 weeks

OLD

Preview from Notesale.co.uk
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Conclusions from majority of other studies suggest that “the effects of age either is non-existent or provides a small and clinically insignificant increased risk for loss of periodontal support”

Hence, **AGE** is not a true risk factor but a background or an associated factor for periodontal attachment apparatus background.