Initiation of criminal cases of rape has its own characteristics. If the offense has not caused serious consequences, the case can be instituted only at the request of the victims and do not stop for the reconciliation of the parties. If the rape was committed by a group or an especially dangerous recidivist, or it has caused serious consequences or were committed against a minor, the criminal case is excited regardless of the wishes of the victim.

«As with any other violent crime, the first officer on scene must ensure the victim receives medical attention. Paramedics must bring the victim to a hospital for medical care and a physical examination to establish the crime of rape or sexual assault. Investigators will take the victim’s garments as evidence, so officers should bring a change of clothes for the victim to the hospital whenever possible. The time to plan for this is early in the interaction. Many victims will have an advocate or friend with them to call on their behalf. Give this person the assignment of getting a change of clothing for the victim. Maintaining the chain of evidence is crucial, and a police officer, preferably a female officer, should accompany the victim in the ambulance.»


Before the criminal case is being carefully studied the statement affected. There are cases when a woman asks to bring the guilty to justice for rape, while in reality there has been a disorderly or, on the contrary, it was rape, but the victim calls it bullying.

The minutes of receiving oral statements should be the main issues giving the opportunity to judge the facts and circumstances of rape (or attempted); time and location of the crime, the nature of the use of violence and the consequences of criminal action for the victim, surname, name and patronymic of the offender (if known to the victim), his place of residence and work. In some cases, the applicant knowingly submits a knowingly false statement about the rape to compromise someone out of revenge or other base motives. Sometimes a woman seeks to justify