Pace of construction of PMGSY roads accelerated to 133 km roads per day in 2016-17, against an avg. of 73 km during 2011-2014.

Government has taken up the task of connecting habitations with more than 100 persons in left wing extremism affected Blocks under PMGSY. All such habitations are expected to be covered by 2019 and the allocation for PMGSY, including the State's Share is ₹ 27,000 crores in 2017-18.

Allocation for Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana – Gramin increased from ₹ 15,000 crores in BE 2016-17 to ₹ 23,000 crores in 2017-18 with a target to complete 1 crore houses by 2019 for the houseless and those living in kutcha houses.

Well on our way to achieving 100% village electrification by 1st May 2018.

Allocation for Prime Minister's Employment Generation Program and Credit Support Schemes has been increased three fold.

Sanitation coverage in rural India has gone up from 42% in Oct 2014 to about 60%. Open Defecation Free villages are now being given priority for piped water supply.

As part of a sub mission of the National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP), it is proposed to provide safe drinking water to over 28,000 arsenic and fluoride affected habitations in the next four years.

For imparting job skills to people in rural areas, mason training will be provided to 5 lakh persons by 2022.

A programme of “human resource reforms for results” will be launched during 2017-18 for human resources development in Panchayati Raj Institutions.

Total allocation for Rural, Agriculture and Allied sectors is ₹ 187223 crores.

YOUTH

To introduce a system of measuring annual learning outcomes in our schools.

Innovation Fund for Secondary Education proposed to encourage local innovation for ensuring universal access, gender parity and quality improvement to be introduced in 3479 educationally backward districts.
In the next 3 years, the throughput is proposed to be enhanced by 10%. This will be done through modernisation and upgradation of identified corridors.

Railway lines of 3,500 kms will be commissioned in 2017-18. During 2017-18, at least 25 stations are expected to be awarded for station redevelopment.

500 stations will be made differently abled friendly by providing lifts and escalators.

It is proposed to feed about 7,000 stations with solar power in the medium term

SMS based *Clean My Coach Service* has been started

‘Coach Mitra’, a single window interface, to register all coach related complaints and requirements to be launched

By 2019, all coaches of Indian Railways will be fitted with bio toilets. Tariffs of Railways would be fixed, taking into consideration costs, quality of service and competition from other forms of transport

A new Metro Rail Policy will be announced with focus on innovative models of implementation and financing, as well as standardisation and indigenisation of hardware and software

A new Metro Rail Act will be enacted by rationalising the existing laws. This will facilitate greater private participation and investment in construction and operation.

In the road sector, Budget allocation for highways increased from ₹ 57,976 crores in BE 2016-17 to ₹ 64,900 crores in 2017-18

2,000 kms of coastal connectivity roads have been identified for construction and development

Total length of roads, including those under PMGSY, built from 2014-15 till the current year is about 1,40,000 kms which is significantly higher than previous three years

Select airports in Tier 2 cities will be taken up for operation and maintenance in the PPP mode