Crohn’s Disease
Incidence of Crohn’s Disease is 10 per 100000 annually
Prevalence of Crohn’s Disease is 100 per 100000

Clinical Feature
- Abdominal Pain
- Diarrhoea
- Weight Loss
- Anaemia

Extraintestinal Manifestations
Association of Crohn’s Disease with extragastrointestinal manifestations with HLA B27
a. Eyes
   - Uveitis

b. Liver and Biliary Tree
   - Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis
   - Fatty Liver Disease
   - Chronic Hepatitis
   - Cirrhosis
   - Gallstones

c. Skin Rashes
   - Pyoderma Gangrenosum
     o Tissue becomes necrotic
     o ‘Typical’ ulcerative form occurs in legs
     o ‘Atypical’ occurs in superficial and other parts of body
   - Erythema Nodosum
     o Inflammation of Adipocytes
     o Rounded nodules
     o Nodules occur under skin

d. Joints
   - Type I [Pauarticular] Arthropathy
     o Pauarticular----> Less than 5 joints involved
     o Acute attacks which occurs with IBD relapse
     o Associated with other extraintestinal manifestations of IBD activity
   - Type II [Polyarticular] Arthropathy
     o Polyarticular----> More than 5 joints involved
     o Last from months to years
     o Independent of IBD activity and usually associated with uveitis
   - Ankylosing Spondylitis
   - Sacroiliitis

e. Venous Thrombosis
f. Nephrolithiasis

Anal and Perianal Complications of Crohn’s Disease
This is the presenting features in 25% of cases
- Perianal abscess
- Haemorrhoids
- Anal fissure
- Anorectal fistulae