3. The leaders were captured and executed
   a) Except Rosa, they didn't know what to do with her
      (1) In the end, they decide to hang her
         (a) She is the first women to be publicly executed for this crime

II. Friedrich Ebert
   A. First President of the Weimer Republic
      1. The new German Government

III. The German Mark to make 1 USD
   A. 1914
      1. 4.2 Marks
   B. 1919
      1. 14 Marks
   C. 1921
      1. 76.7 Marks
   D. August, 1923
      1. 4,620,455 Marks
   E. November, 1923
      1. 4,200,000,000,000 Marks

IV. The French in the Ruhr (1923)
   A. A French army was sent inside of Germany to the river of Ruhr to make a military barrier
      1. So Germany cant invade France as easily as they did
   B. This only made the Germans even madder than they already are

V. The Beer Hall Putsch: 1923
   A. Members of the new Nazi Party are discussing on how to overthrow the government
      1. They were all drinking
   B. They were going to do this by breaking up the communication system
      1. They could not find were the radio broadcasters were
         a) In result, the government found out immediately arresting them
   C. The Beer Hall Putsch, years later, was thought to be a glorious movement

VI. Hitler in Landesberg Prison
   A. While in prison, Hitler has time to think
      1. While thinking, he realizes that whenever a plan is sort out, it needs to be SUPER organized
B. Benito Mussolini (1883-1945)

1. Originally a Marxist
   a) By 1909, he was convinced that a national rather than an international revolution was necessary
   b) Edited the Italian Socialist Party newspaper

2. He became an interventionist
   a) Founded the newspaper to encourage Italy to join the war

3. Editorial positions:
   a) The war is a turning point for Italy
   b) The returning combat soldiers would form a new elite and bring about a new type of state
      (1) This new elite would transform Italian politics and society

4. 1921 election
   a) Fascist included in the political coalition bloc of P. M. Giovanni Giolitti’s government
      (1) They win 35 seats out of 500

5. October, 1922
   a) Mussolini threatened a coup d’etat
      (1) A complete takeover

C. Mussolini forms government

   a) He invited Mussolini to join a coalition government with Giolitti

2. 1925 —> Mussolini seized dictatorial powers during a political crisis

XI. The Fascist Consolidate Power (1925-1931)

A. New laws passed to create the legal basis for Italy’s official transformation into a single-party state
   1. Independent political parties & trade unions were abolished
   2. Freedom of press was curbed
   3. Special courts created to persecute any political opposition
   4. National police force created
      a) With a secret police force branch