Ch 1: 2

○ Systems of Government
  ■ Unitary
    ■ Key power goes to the central government
    ■ Ex: Japan, France, and Bolivia
  ■ Confederacy
    ■ A loose union of independent states
    ■ Weak central power (con)
    ■ Power to the states (pro)
    ■ Ex: Federated States of Micronesia
  ■ Federal
    ■ Government divides the powers of government between the national and state government
    ■ Ex: Brazil and USA
  ○ Constitutional Government
    ■ Sets out ideals that the people bound by the constitution believe in and share
    ■ Establishes government structure and defines its powers
    ■ Provides supreme law for the country
      ■ A government in which a constitution has authority to place clearly recognized limits on the powers of those who govern
      ■ Ex: USA
  ○ Types of Governments:
    ■ Authoritarian/Totalitarian:
      ■ Controls every aspect of its citizens
    ■ Oligarchy