When Ketone Body Production exceeds Usage

- When Cellular Glucose deprivations occurs in
  - Uncontrolled Diabetes
  - Prolonged Starvation
- Ketosis
  - High levels of Ketone Bodies in blood and urine
- Ketoacidosis
  - Severe ketosis
  - Lowered blood pH,
  - Nausea, Acetone breath
  - Coma, Death

Process During Starvation

- Catabolism of muscle proteins increased
- Transdeamination (Transamination followed by Oxidative deamination) reaction of amino acids is increased
- This allows realease of Glucogenic Amino Acids
  - Glucogenic AA broken down into alpha-ketoglutarate, succinyl CoA, fumarate or O-acetyl CoA
- Ammonia detoxification and urea production increased initially and decreased as starvation phase prolongs
- Body is in negative nitrogen balance (Condition in which protein catabolism exceeds protein anabolism resulting in tissues losing protein faster than can be replaced)
- Concentration of functional proteins decreases
- Alterations occur in water, electrolyte and acid base balance
  - Reduction in body water
  - Reduction of potassium ions
  - Acidic blood pH due to increased ketone bodies
  - On prolonged phase of starvation there results severe dehydration and acid base imbalance

Basal Metabolic Rate

- BMR- Amount of energy expended while at rest
- In starvation, BMR is decreased