Sociology

Chapter 10: Sex and Gender

1. Terms
   
   A. **SEX**- biological differences of males and females
      - Nature
      - Born with/sex (reproductive) organs

   B. **GENDER**- sense of being male/female based on learned cultural values/norms
      - Nurture
      - Cultural definitions: masculine vs. feminine

   C. **TRANSGENDER**- individuals whose gender identity and/or expression is different from cultural expectations based on the sex they were assigned at birth.

   D. **CISGENDER**- Describes a person whose gender identity matches the biological sex they were assigned at birth.

   E. **GENDERQUEER**- Someone whose gender is neither man nor woman. Between genders, or a combination of genders.

   F. **INTERSEX**- A person who has a disorder that causes them to not be easily categorized as male or female from birth.

   G. **NONBINARY**- A spectrum of gender identities and expressions, based on the rejection of the gender binary assumption that there is only male/female based on the sex assigned at birth.

   H. **GENDER ROLES** - the distinct behaviors (TASKS) assigned to each sex by society that defines masculine and feminine.