1. Drooping of the upper eyelid is termed: **ptosis**

2. 8-year-old c/o itching in the right ear & increased in pain when the pinna is pulled, or the tragus is palpated. Exam reveals slight redness in the ear canal w/a clear odorless fluid. This could be suggestive of: **otitis externa**.

3. A localized staphylococcal infection of the hair follicles at the lid margin is suggestive of: **a hordeolum**

4. What connects the middle ear to the nasopharynx? The proximal end of the eustachian **tube**

5. When a light beam shines into one pupil causing pupillary constriction in that eye, the term used is: **direct reaction to light**

6. A Pt is able to recognize distant objects but has difficulty reading a book’s small print. This describes: **hyperopia**

7. A Pt is able to read a magazine w/o difficulty but cannot distinguish distant objects. This describes: **myopia**

8. A child presents w/a c/o left earache that worsens w/ head movement. Findings on exam include temp of 102F, cellulitis behind the left ear. These findings are consistent w/: **mastoiditis**

9. The gradual loss of vision w/a change in color and size of the optic disc is referred to as: **glaucoma**

10. A nodular protuberance that points backward over the entrance to the ear canal is called the: **Tragus**

11. Which disorder of the eye can be detected w/the cover-uncover and the Hirschberg test? **Strabismus**
60. 6-year-old child presents w/ sore throat, difficulty swallowing and a temp 102F. Findings reveal lymphadenopathy and pharyngeal erythema. This is probably: pharyngitis

61. 60-year-old Pt presents with severe, deep left eye pain. Findings reveal dilated and fixed left pupil and the cornea is cloudy. There is no ocular discharge noted. These findings are most likely consistent w/: acute angle closure glaucoma

62. Where in the mouth would reddened areas, nodules, or ulcerations that are suspicious of malignancy be present? Tongue

63. Ophthalmoscopic examination of the fundus reveals small, rounded, slightly irregular red spots embedded in the retina. These findings are consistent w/: deep retinal hemorrhages

64. On ophthalmoscopic exam of the older adult, there is an increased cup-to-disc ratio: This findings is suggestive of: open angle glaucoma

65. Leukoplakia was noted during an exam of the mouth. This symptom may be: precancerous

66. Ectropion is defined as: an outward turning of the lower eyelid

67. A fine rhythmic oscillation of the eyes is termed: nystagmus

68. Findings following assessment of a person’s left eye gaze include impaired movements when attempting to look upward, downward, or inward. This condition is most consistent w/: left cranial nerve III (oculomotor) paralysis

69. A Pt c/o seeing specks that obscure his line of vision when he looks in a certain direction. This impairment could be caused by: scotomas

70. Surgical perforation of the tympanic membrane to allow drainage of middle ear secretions is termed: a myringotomy