The article that I chose was *Assessing Risk of Victimization Through Epidemiology Concepts: An Alternative Analytic Strategy Applied to Routine Activities Theory* by Robert Arnold, Carl Keane, and Stephen Baron. The students were from both the University of Windsor, and Queen’s University in Toronto. This paper was focused on using the means of accessing data in epidemiology for evaluating violent victimization and how it correlates to everyday habits. My interpretation of the article was both critical, and praisable, concerning the language, understanding of statistical data, and prior exposure to Criminology terms.

This examination was inspired by Cohen and Felson’s Routine Activities theory, which states that criminals use their potential victim’s daily routine as a means to understand their most vulnerable time slot of the day, which helps them commit a crime. This could be about objects as well, an example could be: on Christmas break many families go away to visit relatives, or go on vacation. The criminal could know that this week of the year, every year, the family leaves to go to another town to visit grandma