Anarchism is a philosophical thought that argues and advocates for the removal of all social classes and institutions. Anarchism is the rejection of rulers and not rules. Anarchism is a left wing ideology which can be looked at as social libertarianism. Anarchism and communism are closely interlinked as they both have the same objective, which is the abolition of social classes. However communists and anarchists do not agree on how this system could be achieved.

Anarchism is based on a very high cooperation amongst a society. This can be described as a society with the highest level of cooperation. In this case voluntary association is required by the Individual with in an anarchist form of state. Anarchism is not disorder as many people perceive it is order and liberty of the purest quality. These liberties are based on the thought that the human race is naturally cooperative and good and rulers and institutions are the ones which corrupt humans therefore they have to be abolished.

Anarchism and communism began in the same path however even if their ideas are somehow similar in nature they tend to differ in some principles. For example communist philosopher Karl Max argues that the Anarchist government of the Paris commune failed due to the fact that it could not defend itself from foreign invasions. Anarchists took part in the Russian revolution; however the Bolsheviks soon took over Russia. In this case anarchism can be seen as a short-lived form of government as in most cases it collapses paving way for authoritarian form of rule.