(Title VI of EU Treaty: Articles 29-42)

1993 – **Single Market** established
1995 – Enlargement, Round 4 (+3) and **Schengen Agreement**
1997 – **Treaty of Amsterdam** extends community competences (Pillar 1)
1997 – EU starts membership negotiations w/ 10 Eastern European countries
2001 – **Nice Treaty**
2002 – Euro coins and notes are distributed
2004 – Enlargement, Round 5 (+10) and Constitutional Treaty FAILS
2007 – Enlargement, Round 6 (+2)
2007-2009 – **Lisbon Treaty**
2013 – Enlargement, Round 7 (+1) = 28!

**EU Members:** Austria (’95), Belgium (’52), Bulgaria (’07), Cyprus (’04), Croatia (’13),
Czech Republic (’04), Denmark (’73), Estonia (’04), Finland (’95), France (’52),
Germany (’52), Greece (’81), Hungary (’04), Ireland (’73), Italy (’52), Latvia (’04),
Lithuania (’04), Luxembourg (’52), Malta (’04), Netherlands (’52), Poland (’04),
Portugal (’86), Romania (’07), Slovakia (’04), Slovenia (’04), Spain (’86), Sweden (’95),
United Kingdom (’73)

**Theories of EU Integration:** Inter-governmentalism, Supranationalism, Functionalism,
Neo-functionalism, Federalism

**EU INSTITUTIONS**

European Commission, Council of the European Union, European Parliament, European Council,
Court of Justice of the European Communities, European Court of Auditors
Council of the European Union (EU Council of Ministers) & European Council **not to be confused with** Council of Europe.

**Council of Europe:** 47 member states, founded 1949, “seeks to develop throughout Europe
common and democratic principles based on the European Convention on Human Rights
and other reference texts on the protection of individuals”

The European Commission: 28 members – one from each EU country,
Proposes New Legislation, Executive Organ, Guardian of the Treaties,
Represents EU on the International State

European Council: summit of heads of state and government of all EU countries, held at least
4X/year, Sets Overall Guidelines for EU Policies

Council of the European Union (EU Council of Ministers): 1 minister from each EU country,
Rotating Presidency, Decides EU Laws and Budget Together w/ Parliament,
Manages the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP)

European Parliament: Voice of the People, Decides EU Laws and Budgets Together w/
Council of the European Union, Field of Co-Decision Powers Increased by
Lisbon Treaty, Democratic Supervision of EU’s Work

Study institutions pre- and post- Lisbon (EU Commission, Council of the European Union & European Council).