High Level Language - High level language were designed to overcome the limitations of machine language and assembly language. The high level language have following features:

1. They are machine independent. A high-level language program can be prepared and executed on any computer.

2. They do not require the programmer to know anything about the internal structure of the computer on which the high-level language program will be executed. This allows the programmer to concentrate only on the logic of the program.

3. They do not deal with the machine level coding. They deal with high level coding, enabling the human ability to write instructions using English type of control, mathematical symbols and expressions. These instructions are compiled into machine language instructions.

Compiler - The translation of high-level language program to machine language program is done with the help of a translator program. This is known as a Compiler.

Hence a compiler is a translator program, which translates a high-level language program into an equivalent machine language program.

The input to the compiler is the high-level language program (source program) and output is the machine language program (object program). The high level instructions are machine instructions, the compiler translates each high level language instruction into a set of machine language instructions, rather than a single machine language instruction.

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<tr>
<th>High Level Language Program</th>
<th>Compiler</th>
<th>Machine Language Program</th>
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Write algorithm and draw flowchart to "Find the Greater of two number."

Step 1: Start
Step 2: Input the two numbers
Step 3: Check if A>B. If Yes, go to step 4;
        else go to step 6
Step 4: Display the number A
Step 5: Go to step 7
Step 6: Display the number B
Step 7: Stop