Modern about ROMG

- Marriage - women's role (social rigidity)
- Patriarchy
- Fraudulent, self-creation (social flexibility)
- Court system
- Desertion
- Pseudo martin
  - Expansion of business (capitalism, Dynamic)
- Diverse christianity
- Rural elite
- Secularism

Middle ages
- Catholic
- Lords
Manners --> serf
Church has a lot of power

Contradiction

Start of Renaissance, skimming

14th century
1300-1450(+-1400)
Climate change:
  v population
  v towns

Black death
  v Economy
  ^ religion
  preoccupation with death
  v population

100 years war
  England/France
  population loss
  Joan of Arc led French troops
  Loss of revenue
  New government (development of assemblies)
- Sola scriptura
  Bible No traditions
  Translated bible into german

Catholic
  Salvation = Faith + good works
  Priest
  - more holy than a layperson
  - Transubstantiation
    - Everyday you go to church you get a little more salvation
  Bible + Traditions
  Bible only in LATIN

All of german run by little states, that are run by powerful prince
  - All of german run by emperor
  - Support luther, don't have to donate to church, and don't have emperor to control them

**Calvin Vs. Luther**

Calvin
  - Studied law
  - Emphasized predestination
    - The elect went to heaven
  - Government based off of religious principles
    - 2 parts
      - Ministry
      - Consistory
  - Government elected officials
  - Self governing theocracy
  - Born into theocracy
  - Thinks he is the one to reform the church
  - Believed humans didn't have free will
  - Very strict laws
  - You work really hard during the week
  - Don't spend your money

Luther
  - Born into law
  - Accidentally reformed the church corruption by analyzing the church
  - You had free will

Why work hard?
  - it is your calling to do well and continue working
- Took farmers lands and lived there until the next place
  - German becomes a waste land
- Germany isn't fighting about religion, now just politics
- War comes to a standstill and comes up with a peace Treaty of Westphalia
  - Independence of Dutch, netherlands
  - Sweden got ports
  - French got a little bit of two providences
  - 300 german states declared sovereign
  - If a Hapsburg’s wanted to make a decision they had to consult a Reichstag
    - Holy roman emperor could get nothing done
  - Catholicism stops expanding
  - New concept develops
    - No longer universal monarchy
    - Large number of unconnected states
      - Own alliances, embassies…
    - Competing interest of different states
    - Diplomats promote own state interest
    - States need to represent their own interest
      - Reason of states more important than religion
      - Start of statesmanship
      - Start of modern era
      - Demise of Germany, growth of France
Absolutism and Constitutionalism

Absolutism - centralized power in a monarch
  "divine right"
  Taxation
  Armed Forces
  Efficient Bureaucracy
  Compelling Obedience
Wanted sovereignty
  - Justice system
  - No private army
  - Clearly defined boundaries
Richelieu
  - Intendants
    - In-charge of draft
  - Supervise taxes
  - Make regulations
  - Supervises all economic activity
  - Invaded La Rochelle so that he could limit protestantism
you have to legislate it, and minister for it

French mercantilism
   - controlling
   - reaching for perfection
   - absolutist from Colbert

Colbert:
will get fined if they sell things that are foreign
Wanted the best craftsmen, artist…
   - gave them houses

Intendents
   - Report back to Colbert
   - Follow regulations
   - Legislate/enforce laws
   - Inspection
      - lots of quality control

French Wars

Wanted to expand france
Could have thought he was invincible
Tried to expand France to what he thought his natural borders were

Peace of Utrecht
England gets new world
New states start to appear
Spain loses
France and Austria gain

Eastern Europe

Serfdom in Eastern Europe
   - Serfs lost all their powers
   - Nobility has a lot of power, absolutism
      - As long as he listens to the monarchs
      - Complete jurisdiction over their serfs

Minority in Austrian Empire
   - HR Emperor took protestant nobles lands and gave them to Catholic nobles
   - Bohemia becomes fused with Austria after 30 years war

Hungarians
   - Wouldn't give into the absolutism
   - 1703 rebellion
      - Hapsburg crush revolt, but made a deal with Hungarian
         - Keep traditions, but commit to Hapsburg rule
- **Laud**
  - Wanted a new prayer book
  - Scots were presbyterian, but he wanted them to use an Anglican prayer book
  - Laud was Anglican
  - **Wanted Scotland as a Bishopric**
    - Divided into state, each region governed by a bishop
    - Very anglican
    - Scots invaded and rebelled
- 1629--1640 Charles ruled without calling parliament
  - How did he get money?
    - "ship money"
    - Extra legal
    - Outside of the law
    - Levies were extra taxes
- 1640 Parliament is called
  - Impeach archbishop Laud
  - Threaten to abolish bishops
  - A lot of Puritans and presbyterians
- Rebellion in Ireland
  - Parliament won't let him raise and army or fight
  - Charles leaves England and raises an army called Cavaliers
  - Mercenaries
  - Royal gentry
  - Parliament raises its own army called Roundheads
    - Business people but believe in rights of parliament
- 1642-49 civil war goes on
  - Charles keeps losing
  - 1647 captures the king
  - 1647 dismisses from parliament anyone who doesn't agree with him
    - Reduces parliament to 50 members "Rump parliament"
    - Dismisses anyone against puritan idea
  - 1649 the Rump parliament accuses king of high treason and kill him
- Repercussions of killing Charles I
  - Power Vacuum
  - Opportunity for republicans
  - Frees up Cromwell
  - Too limited # of parliaments
  - Too much power
  - Didn't learn from anything that previously happened
  - He sent parliament home and ruled with the army
    - Proclaims Quasi - Martial Law
      - Banned catholicism
      - Killed catholic priest
- Death of Cromwell
  - 2 years later parliament invited Charles II to rule
Descartes and Bacon combine to make modern science thinking
- Modern scientist rarely work inductively alone

Advances in biology and chemistry
- Vivisection
  - Harvey postulated blood pumped from heart

**Satire and Science**

**Background**
- Newton 17th century
- Elightenment 18th
- Philosophers in Europe are philosopes
  - Group of thinkers who convene in a salon
  - Salon held by rich women
  - Salon thinkers from everywhere
- Salons influenced by Newton
  - Formulas that explain movement
  - Laws that govern movement
- Salons influenced by Locke
  - Learn everything through empiricism
  - Reason --> epistemology

**Voltaire**
- Influenced by Descartes
- France
  - Impressed by newton
    - Revolutionary thinker
    - Universal reverence
  - Impressed by non absolutism
  - Impressed by freedom / government representation
- Locke
  - Analysed
  - People learned through experience
  - Very empirical
- Descartes
  - Louis XIV
    - Makes Voltaire doubt him
    - Called him a tyrant
    - Took away freedom
- Satire
  - Writes things that if you read it in a serious way it critiques everything in France and Catholicism
- Catholicism
  - Corrupted
Religious authority and beliefs
Catholicism
- Pope losing its power because of monarchs
Reforms from counter reformation
- Clergy lost power
State tries to make more control
Jesuits made a lot of enemies because they had a lot of political sway
Protestant revival
- Pietism
- John Weslyen
  - Always worried about his
  - Methodist
    - Rite, evangelicals
      - Basics of the bible
      - Each person needs a personal experience of religion

Medicine
Smallpox
- Enlightenment curing of a disease through experimentation
- Gives people cowpox
Improved surgery
- Lacking
  - No painkillers
  - No understanding of bacteria
Midwifes
- Treated female problems
- Men tried to take over the profession

Enlightened monarchs
Reformers who stopped short of making political reforms
Gradual bringing in of enlightened reforms

Chapter 18

From down up
Enlightenment thinkers say no to gay marriage because it's immoral
Breastfeeding was good because you have to nurture your own children

Prelude to French Revolution (all chronological)

Atlantic revolutions
1776 - America Rev
1789 - France Rev
1791 - Haiti
1789 divide between Modern Europe and Old Europe

**Factors** behind the revolution
- Educated elite (nobility, Upperlevel clergy, Bourgeoisie)
- Trickle down of ideas to uneducated
- Wanted to restrict the power of the monarch
- National debts from 7 years war
  - No central bank to take loans out
- Tax System
  - Make nobles pay
  - Had to call parliament
  - Law court
  - Run by nobles
- Called an Assembly of Notables in 1787
- Had to call Estates General
  - Nationwide parliament
  - 3 estates
    - 1. Clergy
      - .5% of population
      - Upper clergy
      - Parish priest
      - 10% of property
    - 2. Nobles
      - 1.3% of pop
      - 25%-30% of land
    - 3. Everyone Else
      - Over 95% of population
      - Bourgeoisie 8% of pop
      - Laboring poor
      - Rural Peasants
- Ancient regime
  - Break down of Old Regime
- Laboring poor
- Income gap
  - Hungry 80's
    - Harvest was low, and prices went up on food
- American Revolution
  - People saw what you could do through revolution
- Voting system
  - By each estate and not each person
  - Unfair because there were 95% of people in the 3rd estates
  - 1200 people elected
    - 1st estate
      - Conservative nobles (300)
    - 2nd estate
- New calendar
  - 10 day weeks, work longer
  - Started with year 1
  - Renamed all the months
- Changed the metric system
  - One system of measurements
- Had festivals instead of religious holidays
- Very rousseau
  - General will
  - lose your freedom
- Why do rich have rules that hurt themselves
  - Putting state before owns interest OR want the underclass to fight for them
  - Equality
  - Brotherhood

- **Achievements**
  - Secularization of France
  - Economic reforms run by the state
  - Levee en masse
  - Nationalism
  - Reformation of everyday life
    - Totalitarianism
  - Left, Right wing
  - First French republic with two houses
    - Universal male suffrage
  - Tolerance of minorities
  - Huge state armies
  - Equality
    - Overcoming class distinctions
    - Enlarging work force

- **Negatives**
  - Treatment of women
  - Terror
  - Lack of freedoms
  - censorship

- **Failure**
  - Internal opposition to radicals
  - Fear of the terror
  - War weary / costly
  - Too much control and terror
  - Inflation

Robespierre, Republic of Virtue
  - Really good citizenship
  - Good citizenship is made by **equality**
  - ABSOLUTE EQUALITY
- Said Declaration of rights of Man was too moderate
  - Wants things to be Absolutely equal, More **radical**
  - Wants everyone to have liberty and equality
  - Nationalism
  - Justice reigns supreme, equal justice for all
  - Wealth spread out
  - Virtue w/o terror is impotent
  - When you are dedicated to state and state is dedicated to you, virtue will rule
    - Flaws
      - Advocates violence
      - Could cause a very militarized state
      - Destroys trust
      - Promotes tyranny
      - Exhaust resources

Directory
- Middle class lawyer + professionals take back government
  - “Reactionary”
    - Wanted to turn the clock back
  - Supported
    - Committed to the war
    - Eliminated economic controls
  - Indirect democracy
  - Failed because it was too corrupt

Napoleon
- Made a coup d’état
- Created the first consulate

**Napoleon**

Month before 1800 Coup d’état
- Creates consul
- 3rd constitution gives a lot of power to consul
- Plebiscite
  - Referendum / election
  - All of the males were asked if you approve of the constitution
  - Defacto is not a dejure
    - It is really run by a ruler not republic

Napoleon
- Bank of France
- Concordat with pope
method, religious tolerance, and the organization of states into self-governing republics through democratic means. In this view, the tendency of the philosophers in particular to apply rationality to every problem is considered the essential change,

from improved women’s rights to more efficient steam engines, from fairer judicial systems to increased educational opportunities, from revolutionary economic theories to a rich array of literature and music.

http://www.sparknotes.com/history/european/enlightenment/context.html

**Economic of 18th century**

English industrializing
Open field enclosure
- No fences or hedges
- Split into thirds
- Shared by each village member

Economic
- Dutch and English were innovators in agriculture
- Consisted of scientist, landowners, government officials
- People who worked on landowners land
  - Proletarian proletariat
- Market oriented estate agriculture
  - Grown stuff to sell
- New opportunities / why pop increased
  - Lead to earlier marriages and more babies
  - New medical advances
  - Nutrition
  - Greater food supply
  - Plague dying off
  - Fewer wars
  - Less famine
  - Less disease
  - Better diets

**Industrious revolution**
- Public health
- Welfare programs
- Nationalism
  - Popular
- New politicians
  - Answerable to the masses
  - Mass politics
    - Responding to middle + working class
    - Industrial workforce
- Direct democracy
  - Political parties represent specific interest
- Constitutions
- The problem??
  - Socialism
  - Government tries to find an enemy to get the country to rally

**Italian Renaissance/unification**

Starts off with Kingdom of Sardinia

King

Victor Emanuel

Conservative constitutional monarchy

Used to balance France

How do they become unified

3 major figures

Mazzini

Wanted Italy for Italians

Wanted republic

Garibaldi

Liberated southern Italy + Sicily

Socialist + Democratic, radical republican
Garibaldi + victor
  Hands over reigns to victor
Verdi
Forces against unification
Unification
Outsiders
Political views
  Why was Italy conservative
    Human rights more imp.
Countries surrounding them
  Though It would upset balance(France, Austria)
Social gap

Germany
Zollverein
  Stimulate domestic trade
  Customs union
  Only Austria not part of it
  Defacto -not unified by law but by dejure
1848 Frankfurt parliament
  Create a German state
    Fails bc Fred william and unifies clash
Schleswig/Holstein
- Bacterial revolution (cleanliness)
  Bads:
  - Separation of spheres
  - Child rearing (people became too obsessive with kid)
  - More anonymity

Utilitarianism
  - Jeremy Bentham founded it
  - Greatest good for the greatest number of people
  - Graduated income tax
Liberalism promotes active government

Sanitary ideas
  - Edward Chadwick
  - Why did he have trouble with laying sewer lines

Lister
  - Sterilization
Bacterial revolution created the modern family because people could become attached to their child without worrying about them dying

Social standing
  - Marx was wrong
  - Many new social groups created
  - Lower class
    - Highest was the labor aristocracy
Religion
  - Place for little old ladies, churches couldn’t keep up with population
  - Church in US was more popular because it didn’t have the history European church did
    - Church was always seen as supporting the status quo in Europe

Marriage
  - Partner was chosen through love
  - It was hard to marry in middle class because you had to support them
  - No way to have sex before marriage

Class sexuality + freedom
  - Middle class had less freedom
  - Lower class had more freedom because they all had to work

Women
  - Wanted to vote
  - Get education
  - Property rights
Darwin
- Natural selection
  - Animals with certain trains tend to reproduce more
- Human evolution from other primates
  - Against bible
- Used Malthus to create natural selection
- Contradicted prior knowledge on humans
- Worked completely inductively
- He said because we love god we are above primates
  - He said god wanted evolution to happen

Darwin important

Darwin on God
- notion that Humans differ from other primates, they have a different soul is all BS
  - Says humans differ because we have intelligence and create the notion of god, the concept of god

Humans have an innate sense of morality
People don’t like the fact that Darwin put humans on the same level as other organisms, and that humans developed the same way

Breaking away from religious norms

Enlightenment and Darwin
- Based of central idea that humans are reasonable creatures and different from other creatures
  - Darwin says humans are nurtured to be civil
  - Darwin says human by nature are instinctive, Survival of the fittest

Ideas from Darwin
- White man superiority, because they are strongest they are most fit to rule
  - Against reasonableness

Max Weber

Modern human beings who are wrapped up in getting rich
- Industrialization is eating us up
- Someone who lives for pleasure but doesn’t have a heart
  - Specialist without spirit

- Rootlessness
British bring happiness and prosperity to the Africans – we are a blessing

*Pax Britannica* (like Pax Romana) – global

British are responsible for “wielding the spear of the British empire” – our job is to help (manage) the inferior peoples – spread British civilization

Cannot make an omelet without breaking eggs – humanity must pay a price

We need Africa for our economy – laborers in England will be hurt without Africa (appealing to Socialists)

Morel – *Black Man’s Burden*

- Whites are not more advanced than blacks
- Whites are as barbaric or more than blacks because we are killing them
- Blacks are as smart as whites are
- Whites need to treat them fairly – they are ppl to
- Radical views anti-imperialism – more socialist/Marxis
- Part of the new class of social critiques who sympathize with workers

Hobson - Edinburgh review

- Main cause for imperialism
  - Competition for more wealth
  - Needed more competition so they moved into africa
  - Opposite
    Missionaries helping africa
- Affects of imperialism
  - Establish government by force because they don’t know how to rule others
  - Capitalist expansion, Greed, rule by force <--------> Missionaries of western Africa, setting up gov + science + ideas

Expansion Africa
  - French start in Algiers, and move downward
  - British start in Cape colony and move north
  - Germany had 3 gigantic territories
  - Italians gets 3 coastal countries
  - Portuguese had 2 original settlements
  - Berlin conference helped balance out powers
- Differs from marx because he is a revisionist
- Gear more toward ruses problems
- Lenin didn’t trust uneducated people to revolt, wanted highly trained revolutionaries
  - Weakest link theory
    - Since people aren’t paying attention to Russia as much they should start a revolution there
  - Russia could spread its revolution
Lenin
- Want Russia out of the war
- End of starvation
- Redistribution of the land
- Didn’t want a Parliamentary Republics, wanted only the Soviets
- Rule by revolutionary elite and workers
- Take away all lands
- Reds are the Soviets
- Won the war
  - Whites weren’t organized
- Strict workplace discipline
- National Bank
- Red army conquered lands that were lost in the former Treaty
- Dissmissed Congress of Soviets
- New economic policy
  - NEP
    - Limited economic freedom, but mostly government run industry
    - Limited opportunity to keep stuff for yourself
  - Private traders, Small handicraft manufacturer could reappear
    - Heavy industry, Banks, Macro Economy stay nationalized
    - Economy got back on its feet
- Died from a stroke

Whites are anyone against the reds

**Lost Generation, Freud**

Generation after WWI, all they see is despair and building of weapons

Freud
- Says WWI destroyed European civilization
- Pinning people against one and other
- Advanced technology holds us back
- People used to feel that they were part of the same “European Civilization” connected by art and literature