3. Write a note to explain the effects of the following:
   a) The British government’s decision to abolish the Corn Laws.

   Ans 3.a. The British government’s decision to abolish the Corn Laws had far reaching effects:
   1. Abolition of corn laws allowed the merchants in England to import food grains from abroad at lower cost.
   2. It led to widespread unemployment in agriculture sector, but prosperity in industrial sector.
   3. It resulted in the rise of a prosperous capitalist class in the urban areas.
   4. The immediate effect was the movement of labour from agricultural to industrial sector.
   5. This migration to the industrial sector led to the growth of population in the urban areas.

3. Write a note to explain the effects of the following:
   b) The coming of rinderpest to Africa.

   Ans 3.b. Rinderpest is a fatal animal disease, which arrived in Africa in 1880’s. Live animals were exported from British Asia to Africa to feed the Indian soldiers who had come to Africa to invade Eritrea.
   - As soon as these infected animals reached Africa, the fatal disease started spreading in Africa and within five years 90% of the cattle of Africa was dead.
   - Africans lost their livelihood, this gave the Europeans an opportunity to force the Africans into labour market.