\[+ = \text{Conjunction (Hypotactical)}\]
\[\rightarrow = \text{Conjunction (Paratactical)}\]
\[o-x = \text{Implicit subject}\]
\[x-▲ = \text{Object predicate (Accusative)}\]
\[ox(x \text{ in } o) = \text{Subject predicate (Nominative)}\] ("was a good decision", "was" is a verbal link, and "a good decision" is like a word for itself, therefore ox.

**Examples from the tuition:**

He gives the slave a beating.
\[
x \ o \ \text{Dat.} \ ▲
\]

The husband's wife is neat.
\[
\text{Gen} \quad x \ o \ ox
\]

The girl is beautiful.
\[
x \ o \ ▲
\]

The car is fast.
\[
x \ o \ ▲
\]

He calls her wonderful.
\[
x \ o \ ▲ \ x-▲
\]

(x-triangle is used, when the adjective(often accusative object) stands in direct connection with the substantive(often the subject).

She has a horse.
\[
x \ o
\]

They have tossed the money away.
\[
x \ o \ \text{triangle} \ x-▲
\]

There is a cat on the road.
\[
x \ o \ ▲
\]