when governments extended legal protection to unions during the second half of the century. The unions directed their midcentury organizational efforts towards skilled workers and the immediate improvement of wages and working conditions.

69. First International
It’s membership encompassed a vast array of radical political types, including socialists, anarchists and Polish nationalist. Karl Marx approved worker’s and trade unions’ efforts to reform the consent of Labor within the existing political and economic processes.

70. Fabian Society
Founded in 1884- this was britain's most influential socialist group, many fabians were civil servants who believed the problems of industry could be solved and achieved gradually, peacefully, and democratically.

71. Second International
Founded in 1889 in a new effort to unify the various national socialist parties and trade unions. The amsterdam congress of the Second International debated the issue of opportunis.

72. opportunism
As a such participation by socialist in cabinets was termed. The congress condemned opportunism in France and ordered French socialist to form a single party.

73. German Social Democratic Party
Eduard Bernstien was responsible for the emerging of the Revisions within the Party. The majority branch of the Social Democratic Party proclaimed a republic to prevent their radical leninist wing from setting up a soviet government.

74. Revisionism
This created heated debates among German socialist, who finally condemned the... The critics argued that evolution toward a liberal democracy might be possible in liberal, parliamentary Britian, but not in conservative Germany.

75. Constitutional Democratic Party (Russia)
The party was required to function in exile, the party members greatly admired the German Party and adopted it’s marxist ideology.

76. Vladimir Ilyich Ulyanov and What is to be Done?
1870-1924; he was the future leader of the communist revolution, and was the son of a high bureaucrat. He was drawn to the revolutionary groups among the factory workers.

77. Revolution of 1905 (Russia)
This went on for 10 months, Sailors mutinies, workers went on strike, peasants revolted, and property was attacked. Nicholas II was assassinated in Moscow

78. soviets
Also known as worker councils that controlled the cities.

79. Duma
My dogs name. Nicholas II created a represented body, with two chambers, Ministerial appointments; him self, financial policy, and military and foreign affairs

80. Bloody Sunday in St. Petersburg
Tsar Nicholas II’s Troops fired on a peaceful procession of workers at the Winter Palace who sought to present a petition for better working and living conditions.