

The problem of sorting

Input sequence $\langle a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \rangle$ of numbers.

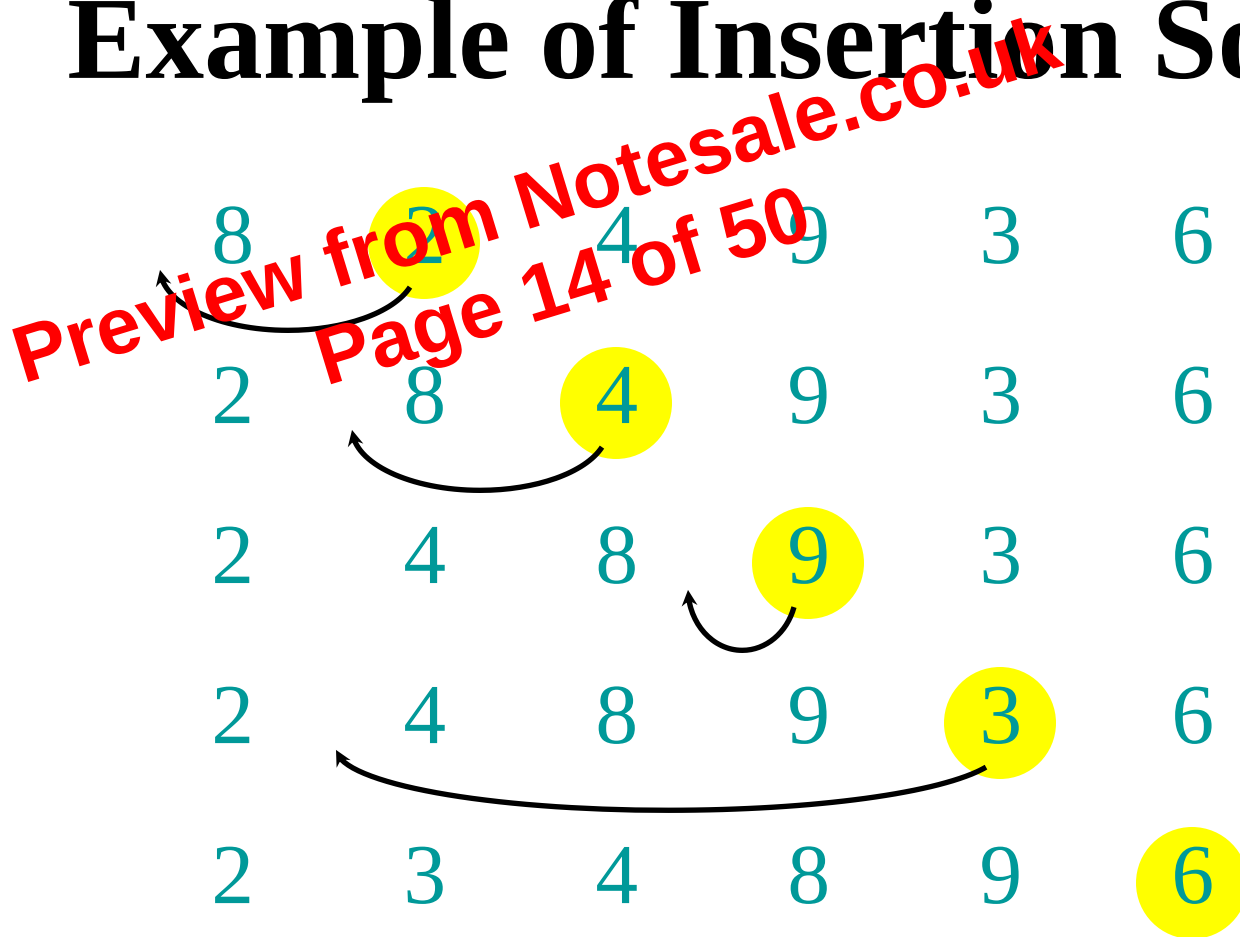
Output: permutation $\langle a'_1, a'_2, \dots, a'_n \rangle$ such that $a'_1 \leq a'_2 \leq \dots \leq a'_n$.

Example:

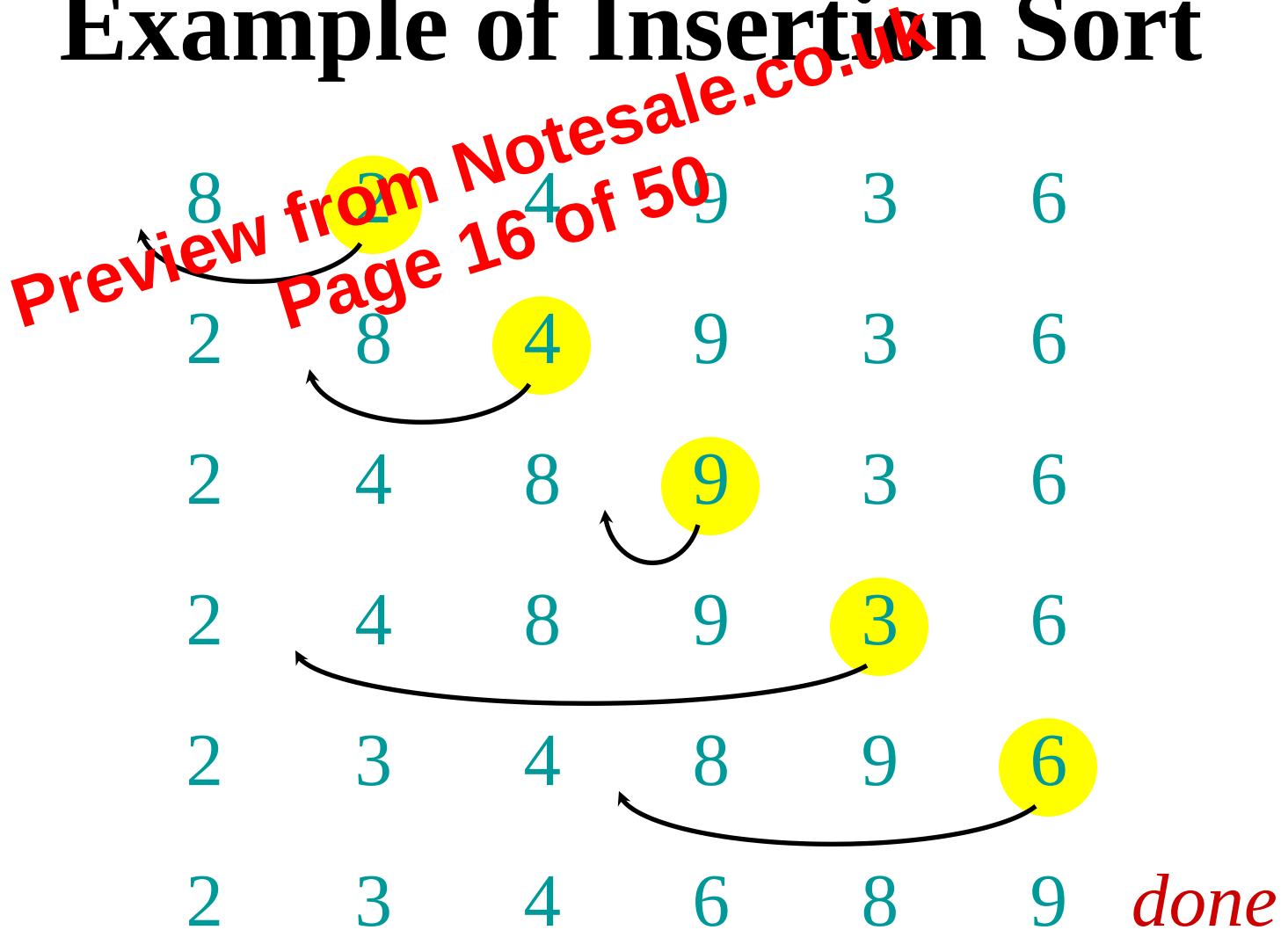
Input: 8 2 4 9 3 6

Output: 2 3 4 6 8 9

Example of Insertion Sort



Example of Insertion Sort



Θ -notation

Math: Preview from Notesale.co.uk
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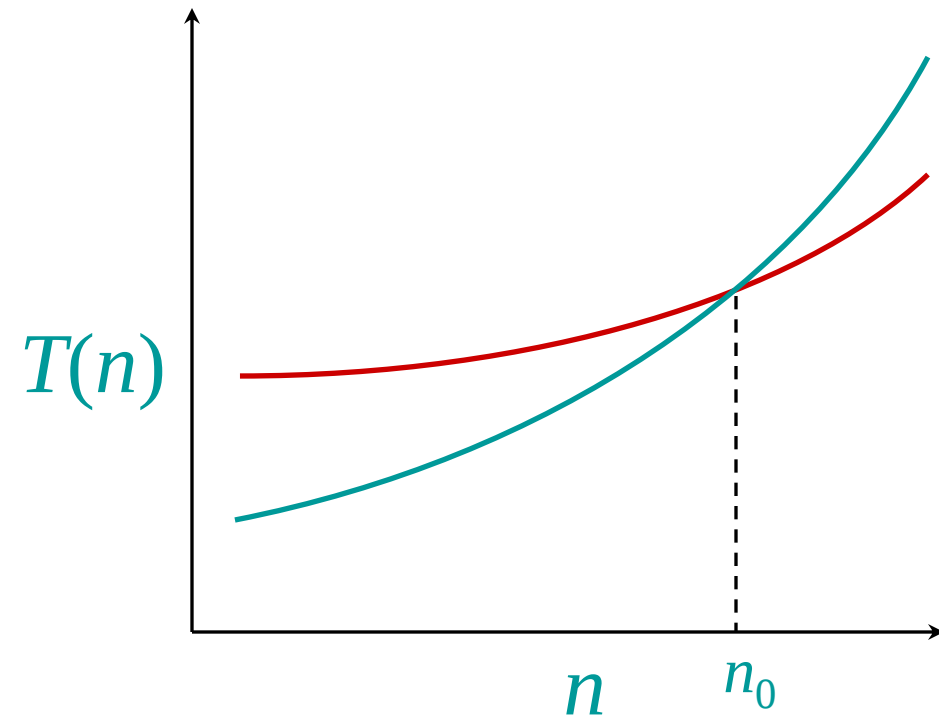
$\Theta(g(n)) = \{ f(n) : \text{there exist positive constants } c_1, c_2, \text{ and } n_0 \text{ such that } 0 \leq c_1 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_2 g(n) \text{ for all } n \geq n_0 \}$

Engineering:

- Drop low-order terms; ignore leading constants.
- Example: $3n^3 + 90n^2 - 5n + 6046 = \Theta(n^3)$

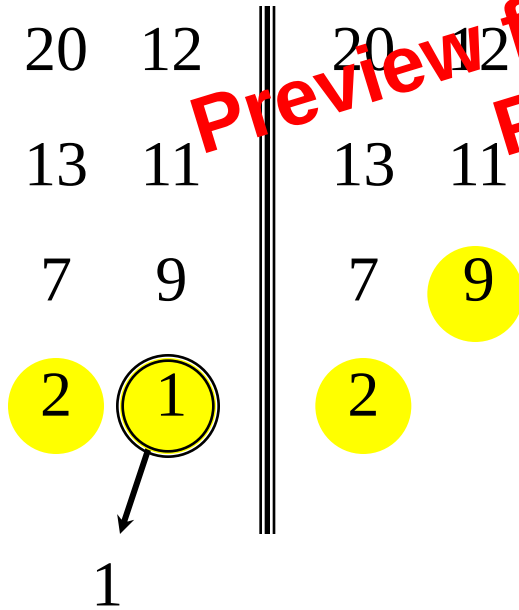
Asymptotic performance

When n gets large enough, a $\Theta(n^2)$ algorithm *always* beats a $\Theta(n)$ algorithm.



- We shouldn't ignore asymptotically slower algorithms, however.
- Real-world design situations often call for a careful balancing of engineering objectives.
- Asymptotic analysis is a useful tool to help to structure our thinking.

Merging two sorted arrays



Recursion tree

Solve $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + cn$, where $c > 0$ is constant.

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Recursion tree

Solve $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + cn$, where $c > 0$ is constant.

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