XXXI. Puritans- Presented James a petition expressing their desire to see the Church of England purified from "popish" ceremonies.

XXXII. 1611- A new English translation of the Bible completed in this year was known as the Authorized Version.

XXXIII. Charles I- Inherited his father's religious and political views.

XXXIV. Petition of Right- Drawn up by Parliament in 1628, this document stated, among other things, that the king did not have the right to make people pay taxes without Parliamentary consent and that Parliament would not tolerate arbitrary imprisonment of any subjects.

XXXV. Roundheads- Supporters of Parliament during the civil war were called this because few of them had long hair.

XXXVI. Cavaliers- Those who supported the king included most members of the nobility as well as the Anglicans were called this.

XXXVII. Oliver Cromwell- Under his able leadership, the Roundheads defeated Charles at the Battle of Naseby (1645).

XXXVIII. Protectorate- Rules in accordance with a written constitution.

XXXIX. Charles II- Accepted Parliament's offer and became England's new king.

XL. The Restoration- (1660) The reestablishment of the Stuart Monarchy.