study of other languages, developing a culture of speech, expands vocabulary words learning several languages contributes to the development of communication skills, memory, makes the student or the student’s increasingly mobile, tolerant, flexible and unfettered, and therefore more adapted to the difficulties of multi-faceted and complex world.

That were all the pros, let’s continue with cons.

**Cons**

Sometimes under the guise of linguistic integration, people enrolled in the program of bilingual education, may actually be subject to assimilation, to lose touch with their native culture. On the one hand, there is a certain cosmopolitanism, and on the other hand knowledge of the language is scattered; alas, to bilingual programs really work properly, it is important not only to their presence, but also the professionalism of teaching. Otherwise, about the student, it turns a kind of marriage education, because of which stretches for bilingual unflattering "plume" - said: "He doesn’t know his language and, foreign language native"

There are more pros then cons in bilingual education. But the balance is not to roll in the wrong direction, to bilingual education should be treated very carefully, delicately and, most importantly, professional.

According to many experts, it is to own native language - that is, to evaluate all of its features - you can only studying any foreign language. Nothing can not be known without comparison, and the unity of language and thought does not give us the possibility to separate the idea of ways to express it. Bilingual language education gives us the opportunity, helping to open a variety of means of expression in the foreign as well as in their native language.