

Hardware On The Inside

Motherboard- a circuit board in a minicomputer or microcomputer through which all signals are directed

Network Card- compute a system of two or more computers, terminals, and communications devices linked by wires, cables, or a telecommunications system in order to exchange data. The network may be limited to a group of users in a local area local area network, or be global in scope, as the Internet is.

Basic Input Output System [Bios]- a small unerasable computer program that contains the instructions needed to begin operation and controls the data flow between the operating system and application programs and the hardware devices.

Central Processing Unit [CPU] - the part of a computer that performs operations and executes software commands

Bootling- to start or restart a computer and load the operating system, or be started up in this way

Modem- you need this to connect to the internet to get on internet and modem (s)

Sound Card-A sound card is the thing that lets the computer play music through your speakers

Ports- convert to convert software to run on a different operating system

Hard Drive-your computer has one or more disk drives for memory to save things you like or need

Random Access Memory [Ram]- the primary working memory in a computer, used for the temporary storage of programs and data and in which the data can be accessed directly and modified

Taskbar Manager- a bar at the bottom of a computer screen displaying buttons that show, among other things, which programs are currently running

<http://windows.microsoft.com/en-US/windows-vista/Parts-of-a-computer>