THEOREM 3—Limits of Rational Functions

If P(x) and Q(x) are polynomials and  $Q(c) \neq 0$ , then

$$\lim_{x \to c} \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)} = \frac{P(c)}{Q(c)}.$$

## **Identifying Common Factors**

It can be shown that if Q(x) is a polynomial and Q(c) = 0, then (x-c) is a factor of Q(x). Thus, if the numerator and denominator of a rational function of x are both zero at x = c, they have (x - c) as a common factor.

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