Renal/Urinary	Kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder,	Filters waste products out of the blood
	urethra	and removes them from the body
Male	Testes, epididymis, vas deferens, penis,	Produces sperm for reproduction
Reproductive	Seminal vesicles, prostate gland	
Female	Ovaries, fallopian tubes (oviducts),	Produces eggs for reproduction and
Reproductive	uterus, Vagina, vulva, breasts	provides place and nutrients for a
_	-	growing baby

Skull – the bony structure of the head

Cranium – the top, back, and sides of the skull

Mandible – the lower jaw-bone

Maxillae – the two fused bones forming the upper jaw

Nasal bones – the nose bones

Orbits – the bony structures around the eyes; eye sockets

Manubrium – the superior partion of the sternum

Xiphoid Process—The inferior portion of the sternum

Pelvis – the basin-shaped bony of lower extremities Pelvis—the basin-shaped bony structure that supports the spine and is the point of proximal attachment for

Ilium – the superior and widest portion of the pelvis

Ischium – The lower, posterior portions of the pelvis

Pubis – the medial anterior portion of the pelvis

Acetabulum – the pelvic socket into which the ball at the proximal end of the femur fits to form the hip joint

Femur – the large bone of the thigh

Patella – the kneecap

Tibia – The medial and larger bone of the lower leg

Fibula – the lateral and smaller bone of the lower leg

Tarsals – the ankle bones