until the expulsion of foreign objects in the form of phlegm. Also remember when entering any food or liquid in the throat instead of the esophagus, trachea muscles moving strongly to occur (choking) until the disposal of this food, because then allowed the passage of air to the lungs. And we can imagine it for other devices, and what can be done by functions. And then we can consider the unit cell and the body's vital functions building. Fmjmuaha in terms of number of leads to be tissue Members are Organs, and the total of its functions is given functions of the body in general.

- Installation of a living cell:

Helped in the technical development of modern industry microscopes (microscopes) e to detect many of the components of a living cell, which was until recently a world almost unknown. Indeed, not only did the public know the parts of the cell, and even went so far to identify the nature of the fine in every part of the parts thereof. In addition, it has been providing these microscopes to computers that can record the cell parts and keep them, as well as monitoring what is happening inside the cell of molecules and chemical interactions movement.

The cell is simply a gathering of a group of molecules that are surrounded by a specific membrane. The cell consists generally has two parts: the first membrane or cell wall, and the second itemative protoplasm protoplasm surrounded by a membrane, and is characterized into two parts: a gelatinous fluid called cytoplasm cytoplasm and the nucleus of the cell. The following are eating these parts.

1. cell membrane:

The cell membrane cell membrane as a protective carrier, which protects the cell, and keeps the contents, and regulate the relationship bety C, than and their surroundings, and regulates what goes into it, and what comes out of the cell alout on to that he is responsible for the overall shape of the cell due to the fluid that surrounds the gel is formed depending on the nature of the cell wall, just as water is formed in the pot in which it resides. The membranes of cells that separates the border between each other. Carl Negila K. Nageli was launched in 1855 on the mucous membrane of the name plasma plasma membrane.

The cell membrane is composed of some organic molecules known as fatty Balphusvoulibdat phospholipids where section refers (phospholipase) to phosphorus, and section (lipids) to fat. In addition to protein molecules. The cell wall consists of hundreds of these molecules that line up next to each other very regularly, and in a way a complex form in the end that perimeter cell membrane. We can visualize phospholipid molecule of a simple Bdzoan: The first is called the head of a molecule that contains phosphorus, and the tail of the second molecule consists of fat. The head of the molecule and is a lover of water hydrophilic head any gravitate toward the water, while the longer tail hem or molecule reluctant to hydrophobic any water away from the water

The membrane is composed of two layers of phospholipids Tojaddan in opposite directions. Because the cell as previously and we swim in the water inside the body, the constituent particles of the wall are arranged in a certain way, where are organized molecules in the upper layer so that moving heads phosphorus to the outside water touches located outside the cell, while organized the lower class

Spending your last moments with tubes and pumps and ventilators in unbearable agony, you will wish you did something sooner.

If you are OK with slowly losing your vision and then going blind as diabetes destroys the blood vessels in your eyes causing them to wither and die, if you're perfectly fine with dying 9 years earliepossibly **not waking up tomorrow**, dropping dead at any moment or having your legs amputated. If you are OK with not seeing your kids or grandkids grow up, then please, close this page and go back to what you were doing.

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