

Eg. Tall + Dwarf plants

phenotype: tall

Genotype:  $TT$

Gametes:  $T$  (sex cell)

dwarf each has two copies of the same allele so it is homozygous

$t$  sex cells formed by meiosis so have one allele

it is heterozygous

Genotype of  $F_1$

$TT$

phenotype of  $F_1$

all tall

$T$  or  $t$  male gametes  
 $T$  or  $t$  female gamete

$F_1$  allowed to self fertilise

Genotype of  $F_2$

female gametes  
 $T$   $t$   
 $TT$   $TT$   
 $Tt$   $Tt$

Phenotypes of  $F_2$

Tall is dominant so it powers/works/expressed  
dwarf is recessive so if there is tall  
then ~~there~~ it is not expressed and if  
it is another recessive, it's expressed.

### TEST CROSS (breeding experiment)

Unknown genotype is tested of organism showing dominant feature.

Plant bred with must have a known genotype -  
therefore it ~~must~~ must be recessive

Breed the unknown plant (eg.  $tt$  or  $TT$ )  
with ( $tt$ ) eg. dwarf plant/b/c/recessive

Can predict outcome with PUNNET Square

Genotypes	$TT$	$tt$	$Tt$	$tt$
	$T$	$t$	$T$	$t$
	$t$		$T$	$t$
	$T$	$Tt$	$t$	$tt$

Crosses all  $Tt$   
at  $F_1$

50%  $Tt$  or  $tt$   
 $1Tt : 1tt$

Phenotype all tall

50% tall : 50% short

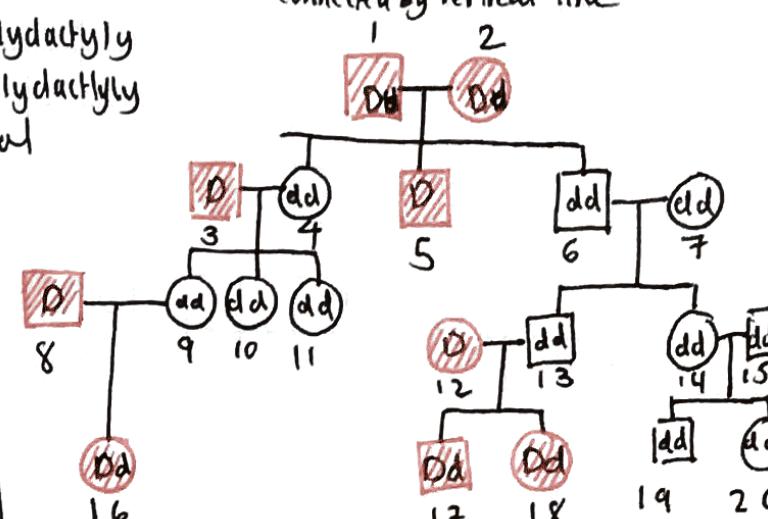
If homozygous - all will be tall

If heterozygous - 50% tall or short.

Pedigree diagram  
eg. Polydactyl - extra digits in hands / feet

Female male  
--- with poly  
rows represent generation  
--- no poly

firstborn is on the left hand  
(1) connected by vertical line



phenotype - feature that results from the phenotypes.

Genotype describes the alleles for each cell for a certain feature.

1 although 1,2 have poly 4,6 don't so it must be heterozygous for 1,2

2 We can work the rest from here

3 S could be  $DD$  or  $Dd$  (higher chance of  $Dd$ )

4 The outsiders from the family also could be  $Dd$ ,  $DD$ , not much info.

### CONT III

#### CODOMINANCE

If two alleles are expressed together - are codominant.  
(they are represented by different letters to show co-dominance)

Genotypes	$RR$	$WW$
Gametes	$R$	$W$
	$R$ $R$ $R$ $W$ $W$ $R$ $R$	$W$ $W$ $W$

If red + white breed ~~out~~, all are pink flowers

when there's a third phenotype out of the mix = codominance at play

Genotypes	$RW$	$KW$
Gamete	$R$ $W$	$K$ $W$
	$R$ $R$ $RW$ $R$ $W$ $W$	$K$ $K$ $KW$ $K$ $W$ $W$

Genotype 1RR : 2RW : 1WW  
phenotype  $\frac{1}{4}$  white or red  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  pink

SEX DETERMINATION  
determined by the presence of the Y chromosome.

phenotype	Male	Female
genotype	$XY$	$XX$
gametes	$X$ $Y$	$X$ $X$
	$X$	$X$

genotype ratio:  $XY : XX = 50\% : 50\%$

phenotype ratio: 50% male : 50% female