

- i. Hydrogen bonding
 - ii. Electrostatic interactions
 - iii. Van der Waals forces
 - b. Anti-parallel
 - c. Helical dimensions
 - d. Major and Minor grooves
- D. Different DNA conformations
 - 1. B DNA
 - 2. A DNA
 - 3. Z DNA
 - 4. Intercalating agents
 - a. Types of intercalating agents
 - b. Denaturation and renaturation of DNA secondary structure
 - c. Tertiary structure
 - i. Supercoiling
 - d. Eukaryotic chromosome
 - i. Nucleosome

III. The transfer of information

- A. Central Dogma
- B. DNA Replication
 - 1. Features of Replication
 - a. Origin of replication
 - b. Bidirectional
 - c. Replication occurs 5' → 3'
 - d. Helix is unwound by helicase
 - e. Replication is semidiscontinuous
 - 2. Enzymology of Replication
 - a. *E. coli* DNA polymerase
 - i. DNA Polymerase I
 - ii. DNA Polymerase III
 - 3. Mechanisms of replication in *E. coli*
 - 4. DNA replication in Eukaryotes
- C. RNA Replication
- D. Transcription and translation overview
- E. Genetic Recombination Introduction
 - 1. Homologous recombination
 - 2. Non-homologous recombination
 - 3. Transposition

IV. Mutagenesis

- A. Point Mutations
 - 1. Spontaneous DNA damage
 - 2. Base mispairing
 - 3. UV irradiation
 - 4. Chemical mutagen
 - 5. Alkylating agents
- B. Insertion (or deletion)