- c. 12
- d. 9
- 7. The cultivated banana is
 - a. diploid
 - b. allotetraploid
 - c. autotriploid
 - d. allotriploid
- 8. NBPGR is responsible for the introduction and maintenance of germplasm of
 - a. agriculture crop
 - b. agriculture and horticulture crop
 - c. horticulture crop
 - d. none of these
- 9. The introduction of quinine and rubber trees in India was arrange by
 - a. East India company
- - d. domestication
- 11. Germplasm is also called
 - a. gene pool
 - b. genetic resource
 - c. gene bank
 - d. world collection
- 12. Tobacco germplasm collection is maintained at
 - a. Rajahmundry
 - b. new delhi
 - c. dharwar
 - d. patna

13. Ricegermplasm is maintained at

- a. new delhi
- b. Hyderabad
- c. cuttack
- d. Srinagar
- 14. Soybean, brinjal, radish, and buckwheat originated in
 - a. central American center of origin
 - b. china center of origin
 - c. central asia Centre of origin
 - d. asia minor centre of origin
- 15. Maize , pumpkin , rajma and sweet potato originated in
 - a. centre of origin
 - b. central American centre of origin
 - c. Hindustan centre of origin
- 16. Pigeonpea, rice, chickpea, mungbean and cowpea originated in **COUNT** a. centre of origin b. central American centre of origin **c. Hindustan centre of origin** Mederranean centre centre

 - 🖉 N e 🖤 erranean centre o
- 17. In India cotton germplasm collection is maintained at
 - a. Bombay
 - b. Nagpur
 - c. Coimbatore
 - d. new delhi
- 18. Disease is produced by
 - a. fungi and bacteria
 - b. viruses and nematodes
 - c. bacteria and nematodes
 - d. all of the above
- 19. The concept of gene for gene relationship between host and pathogen was proposed by
 - a. van der plank

54. Biffin in 1905 announced, that resistance to yellow rust of wheat is governed by _____ gene in crosses: A. Single dominant **B. Single recessive** C. Double dominant D. Double recessive 55. Bread wheat is: A. Haploid B. Diploid C. Tetraploid D. Auto-allopolyploid 56. Bulk population breeding is suitable for: A. Fruit crops **B.** Vegetable C. Small grains **D.** Flower crops 57. Carolus Linnaeus is credited with introducing the: A. Law of limiting factors B. Law of independent assortment C. Binomial system of nomenclature D. Laws of inheritance

58. Cauliflower, cabbage, broccoli, kohlrabi and brussels sprouts have been derived from wild cabbage that, still grows in coastal regions of:

A. Latin America B. Mesopotamia 59. Chromosome numbers in somatic cells of a mix flantare: A. 22 C. 14 60. CINVIYN is located at: A. Miexico B. England C. Spain D. Nigeria 61. Cliestogamy encourages: A. Self pollination **B.** Cross pollination C. Apomixes D. Inbreeding depression 62. Clone in general is: A. Homozygous B. Heterogeneous C. Heterozygous D. None of the above 63. Composites are developed by using:

A. Advanced generation seed mixtures obtained from high yielding intervarietal or interracial crosses

- B. Hybrid directly from intervarietal crosses
- C. Recurrent selection for specific combining ability

A. Inbred lines

C. Pure lines

D. Single plants derived from crosses and/or germplasm

B. R line

B. Mutated seed without radiation

D. Sterile seed

D. None of them

134. The male sterile line is a cross to produce hybrid seed is known as:

A. A line

C. C line

135. The mechanism of male sterility in self-pollinated crops can be successfully utilised to obtain:

B. Isoline

A. Selfed seed treatment

C. Hybrid seed without emasculation

136. Which of the following breeding procedures are not used for producing new varieties of selfpollined crop?

A. Recurrent selection	B. Mass selection
C. Pure line selection	D. Hybridization

- 137. The number of chromosome in common wheat is:
- D. 42 A. 36 C. 48 138. The seeded fruit of rice or maize grain is called: A. Berry C. Siliqua 139. The physi A. Gen C. Germplasm D. None of the above 140. The production of double cross hybrid in maize was first suggested by: A. Shull B. East C. Jones D. Hull 141. The proportion of one allele as represented in a breeding population is known as: A. Gene frequency B. Gene pool C. Both of the above D. None of the above 142. Which is a common method used in cross-pollinated crops? A. Mass selection B. Bulk method C. Pure line method **D.** Pedigree method
- 143. The scientific name of bread wheat is:
- A. T. durum

B. T. dicoccum