

1. ✓ A coil of aluminium wire has a resistance of  $50\ \Omega$  when its temperature is  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . Determine its resistance at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  if the temperature coefficient of resistance of aluminium at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is  $0.0038/^\circ\text{C}$
2. ✓ A copper cable has a resistance of  $30\ \Omega$  at a temperature of  $50^\circ\text{C}$ . Determine its resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . Take the temperature coefficient of resistance of copper at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  as  $0.0043/^\circ\text{C}$
3. The temperature coefficient of resistance for carbon at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is  $-0.00048/^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the significance of the minus sign? A carbon resistor has a resistance of  $500\ \Omega$  at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . Determine its resistance at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ .
4. A coil of copper wire has a resistance of  $20\ \Omega$  at  $18^\circ\text{C}$ . If the temperature coefficient of resistance of copper at  $18^\circ\text{C}$  is  $0.004/^\circ\text{C}$ , determine the resistance of the coil when the temperature rises to  $98^\circ\text{C}$ .
5. The resistance of a coil of nickel wire at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  is  $100\ \Omega$ . The temperature of the wire is increased and the resistance rises to  $130\ \Omega$ . If the temperature coefficient of resistance of nickel is  $0.006/^\circ\text{C}$  at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ , determine the temperature to which the coil has risen.
6. ✓ Some aluminium wire has a resistance of  $50\ \Omega$  at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ . The wire is heated to a temperature of  $100^\circ\text{C}$ . Determine the resistance of the wire at  $100^\circ\text{C}$ , assuming that the temperature coefficient of resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is  $0.004/^\circ\text{C}$ .
7. A copper cable is  $1.2\text{ km}$  long and has a cross-sectional area of  $5\text{ mm}^2$ . Find its resistance at  $80^\circ\text{C}$  if at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  the resistivity of copper is  $0.02 \times 10^{-6}\ \Omega\text{ m}$  and its temperature coefficient of resistance is  $0.004/^\circ\text{C}$ .

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