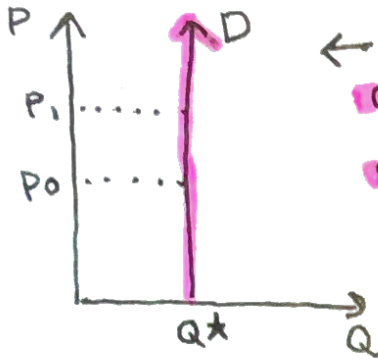


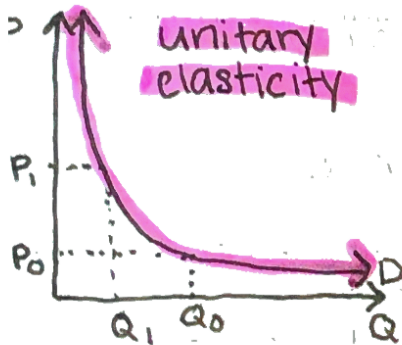
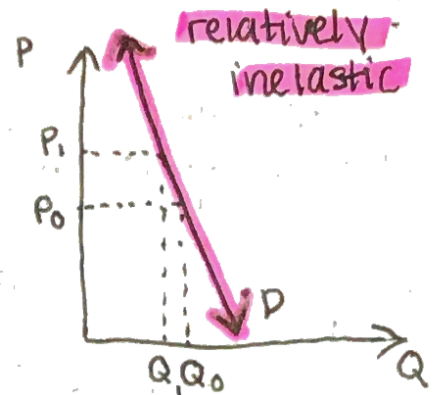
degrees of elasticity



← **Perfectly inelastic**: an increase in price results in **no change in consumer purchases**

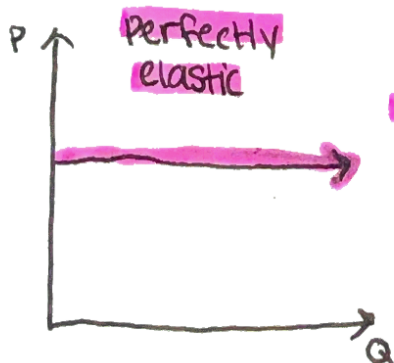
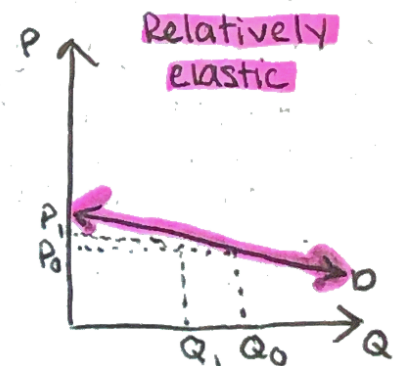
• A mythical idea due to every good having substitutes

• **relatively inelastic**: a percent increase in price results in a **smaller percent decrease in sales**



unitary elasticity: the percent change in quantity demanded is **equal to the percent change in price**

Relatively elastic: A percent increase in price leads to a **larger percent decrease in quantity demanded**



Perfectly elastic: people will only buy **at one price**

Elasticity of Demand Equation

$$E_p = \frac{Q_2 - Q_1}{Q_2 + Q_1} \cdot \frac{P_2 + P_1}{P_2 - P_1}$$

$E_D > 1$
elastic

$E_D < 1$
inelastic

$E_D = 1$
unit elastic

always negative

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