

Must and Have to/Had to:

Have to, like **must**, expresses obligation in the present while **had to** does so in the past. **Must** expresses an obligation imposed by the speaker. **Have to/Had to** expresses external obligations—an obligation by some authority or circumstances.

- I must reach there in time (the speaker himself feels so).
- You must reach in time (ordered to do so by some external authority).

Had to is used when describing something belonging to the past.

- He had to go early to catch the train.

These two verbs have the following forms:

Tense	Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
Present	must have/has to	must I? have I to/has he to?	haven't to hasn't to mustn't
Future Time Reference	must, shall/will have to	shall have I to? will have you to? must I?	I shall not have to you'll not have to
Past	had to	had I to?	hadn't to

Have to and **had to** have alternative negative and interrogative forms:

Present:

Negative

haven't to or don't have to
hadn't to or didn't have

Past Tense:

hadn't to

or

didn't have to

Interrogative

have I to?

do I have to?

had I to?

or

did I have to?

For example:

Have you to obey his orders? or

Do you have to obey his orders?

or

Did you have to work on Sundays?

Did you have to pay customs duty on your watch?

Had you to work on Sundays?

Do you have to mind your watch every day?

2. Have to/Had to:

(i) **Have to** expresses obligation and necessity in the present. **Had to** does so in the past:

- She has to look after her mother.
- He had to finish his work before 5 p.m.