

3. Calculations for RMS diode Current

$$I_r := \left(\frac{2}{T} \cdot \int_{\frac{T}{6}}^{\frac{T}{3}} i_L(t)^2 dt \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad I_r = 30.11$$

4. Calculations for RMS Output Current

$$I_{rms} := \sqrt{3} \cdot I_r$$

$$I_{rms} = 52.16 \quad \text{RMS Output Current}$$

Prob 3-15

$$V_s := 120 \quad f := 60 \quad R := 140 \quad \omega := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f \quad \omega = 376.99 \quad RF := \frac{5}{100}$$

$$V_m := \sqrt{2} \cdot V_s \quad V_m = 169.71$$

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(a) Using Eq. (3-67)

$$C_e := \frac{1}{4 \cdot f \cdot R} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \cdot RF} \right) \quad C_e \cdot 10^6 = 450.66 \quad \mu F$$

(b) $V_{dc} := V_m - \frac{V_m}{4 \cdot f \cdot R \cdot C_e} \quad V_{dc} = 158.5$

Prob 3-16

$$V_s := 120 \quad f := 60 \quad R := 140 \quad \omega := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f \quad \omega = 376.99$$

$$V_m := \sqrt{2} \cdot V_s \quad V_m = 169.71$$

(a) Using Eq. (3-67)

$$C_e := \frac{1}{2 \cdot f \cdot R} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \cdot RF} \right) \quad C_e \cdot 10^6 = 901.32$$

Prob 3-19

(a)

$$f := 60 \quad V_{dc} := 48 \quad I_{dc} := 20 \quad \omega := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f \quad \omega = 376.99$$

$$V_s := 120 \quad V_m := \sqrt{2} \cdot V_s$$

$$x := \frac{V_{dc}}{V_m} \quad \alpha := \text{asin}(x) \quad 180 \cdot \frac{\alpha}{\pi} = 16.43$$

Using Eq. (3-74)

$$k := \sqrt{1 - (x)^2} + \left(\frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) x \quad 100 \cdot k = 69.49$$

$$I_{pk} := \frac{I_{dc}}{k} \quad I_{pk} = 28.78$$

Using Eq. (3-77)

$$L_{cr} := \frac{V_m}{\omega \cdot I_{pk}} \quad 1000 \cdot L_{cr} = 15.64 \text{ mH}$$

Using Eq. (3-76)

$$k_r := \sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{\alpha+\pi} [(\cos(\alpha) - \cos(\phi)) - \pi \cdot (\phi - \alpha)]^2 d\phi \right]}$$

$$100 \cdot k_r = 81.91$$

$$I_{rms} := k_r \cdot I_{pk} \quad I_{rms} = 23.57$$

(b)

$$I_{dc} := 15 \quad I_{pk} := 69.25$$

$$k := \frac{100 \cdot I_{dc}}{I_{pk}} \quad k = 21.66$$

$$x_n := 60 \quad x_{n1} := 65$$

$$\alpha_n := 36.87 \quad \alpha_{n1} := 40.54$$

$$k_n := 23.95 \quad k_{n1} := 15.27$$

$$a_0/2 = I_a/2$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi I_a \cos(n\theta) d\theta = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi I_a \sin(n\theta) d\theta = \frac{I_a}{n\pi} (1 - \cos n\theta)$$

$$\varphi_n = \tan^{-1} (a_n/b_n) = 0$$

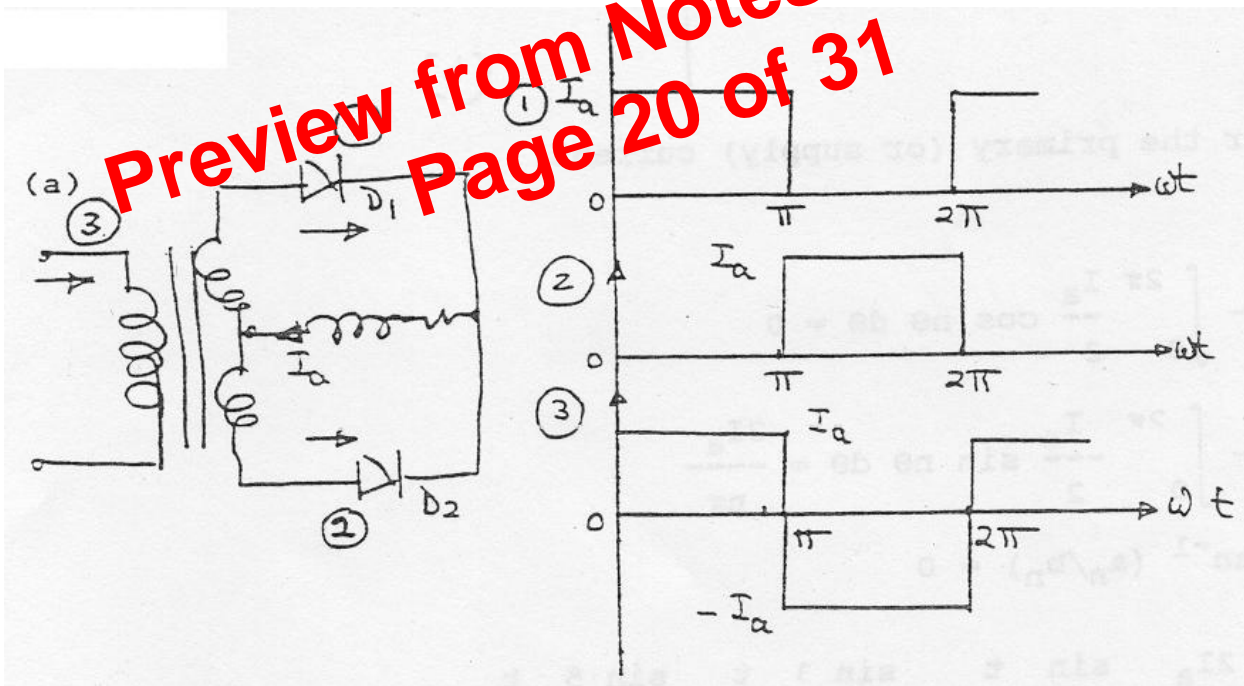
$$C_n = \sqrt{(a_n^2 + b_n^2)} \text{ and } I_1 = C_1/\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}I_a/\pi$$

$$\text{and } I_s = I_a/\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{PF} = I_1/I_s = 2/\pi = 0.6366 \text{ and } HF = \sqrt{(I_s/I_1)^2 - 1} = 1.211$$

Problem 3-24

(a)



(b) For the primary (or supply) current: From Eq. (3-23), the primary current is

$$b_n = \frac{2I_a}{\sqrt{3}\pi} \left[\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \sin(n\theta) d\theta + \int_{\pi/2}^{5\pi/6} 2\sin(n\theta) d\theta + \int_{5\pi/6}^{7\pi/6} \sin(n\theta) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{8I_a}{\sqrt{3}n\pi} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \cos \frac{n\pi}{6}$$

$$C_n = \frac{8I_a}{\sqrt{3}n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \cos \frac{n\pi}{6}$$

$$\varphi_n = \tan^{-1} (a_n/b_n) = \tan^{-1}(\cot(2n\pi/3))$$

$$C_1 = 2\sqrt{3}I_a/\pi \text{ and } I_1 = C_1/\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3}I_a/\pi, \varphi_1 = \tan^{-1} (-1/\sqrt{3}) = -\pi/6$$

(c) For the primary (or secondary) phase current,

$$a_0/2 = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{2I_a}{\pi} \int_{\pi/6}^{5\pi/6} \cos(n\theta) d\theta = \frac{4I_a}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2I_a}{\pi} \int_{\pi/6}^{5\pi/6} \sin(n\theta) d\theta = \frac{4I_a}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$C_n = \frac{4I_a}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \text{ and } \varphi_n = \tan^{-1} (a_n/b_n) = \tan^{-1}(\cot n\pi/2)$$

$$I_1 = C_1/\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3}I_a/\pi \text{ and } I_s = I_a \sqrt{2/3}$$

$$PF = I_1/I_s = 3/\pi = 0.9549 \text{ and } \text{PF} = \sqrt{(I_s/I_1)^2 - 1} = 0.3108$$

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Prob 3-31

$$q := 12 \quad V_{dc} := 240 \quad I_T := 300 \quad R := \frac{V_{dc}}{I_T} \quad R = 0.8$$

Using Eq. (3-25)

$$(a) \quad V_m := \frac{V_{dc}}{\frac{q}{\pi} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{q}\right)} \quad V_m = 242.764$$

$$V_{dc} := V_m \cdot \frac{q}{\pi} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{q}\right) \quad V_{dc} = 240$$

$$I_{dc} := \frac{V_{dc}}{R} \quad I_{dc} = 300$$

Using Eq. (3-26)

$$V_{rms} := V_m \cdot \sqrt{\frac{q}{2\pi} \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{q} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2 \cdot \pi}{q}\right)\right)} \quad V_{rms} = 240.013$$

$$I_{rms} := \frac{V_{rms}}{R} \quad I_{rms} = 300.016$$

$$P_{dc} := V_{dc} \cdot I_{dc} \quad P_{ac} := V_{rms} \cdot I_{rms} \quad P_{dc} = 7.2 \times 10^4 \quad P_{ac} = 7.201 \times 10^4$$

$$\eta := \frac{P_{dc}}{P_{ac}} \cdot 100 = 99.989$$

$$(b) \quad FF := \frac{V_{rms}}{V_{dc}} \quad FF \cdot 100 = 100.005$$

$$(c) \quad RF := \sqrt{FF^2 - 1} \quad RF \cdot 100 = 1.028$$

$$(d) \quad V_s := \frac{V_m}{\sqrt{2}} \quad V_s = 171.66$$

Using Eq. (3-27)

$$I_s := \frac{V_m}{R} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi} \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{q} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2 \cdot \pi}{q}\right)\right)} \quad I_s = 86.607$$

$$VA := \frac{q}{2} V_s \cdot I_s \quad VA = 8.92 \times 10^4$$