

JUSTICE

moderately because in several occasions the officer relies on suspect's cooperation to reveal what happened and what the role the suspect played; similarly, researchers have discovered that the juvenile suspects who are abnormally respectful are most likely to be arrested, as their demeanor attracts suspicion.

Legal consequences of unethical police actions

The organizational environments and harsh street

Police officers get involved in the corrosive world of active police operational work and an organizational environment that can top up its harms. Functional police work entails the integral conflict in trying to maintain the behavior of other individuals. Police are also considered to be the unsolicited news bearers and the constrained accomplices to activities they individually perceive as unjust or purely fruitless (Skolnick, 2011). The work of the police assists officers to operate in an environment where hypocrisy is manifested. The police officers see behind the respectability concealment and witness the threatening behavior of supposedly good citizens. The corrosive professional environment of police extends beyond the direct public dealings. Political commentary and critical media and harsh, secretive observations are part of the daily police lifestyle.

The environment of the organization is mostly less harmful. Recent research shows that the environment of the organization where shift work, strict management, indiscreet policies, burdensome paperwork, and absence of respect in most cases portray the organizational existence to be that of rank-and-file officers. Consequently, instead of operating as an asylum from the threats of the street, the organization tops up its affronts.

The harsh environment and effective performance