

Concept of "Quadratic Equation":-

→ Standard Form:-

The standard form of a Quadratic Equation look like this:

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0, \quad a \neq 0$$

where a, b, c are Real numbers ' x ' is variable

* For example:- $7x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$

* Note:-

If $a=0$, it will not be a quadratic equation. The name quadratic comes from "quad" meaning square, because the variable get squared (like x^2). It is also called an "Equation of Degree 2".

→ Pure Quadratic Equations:-

the "Pure form" of a Quadratic Equation look like this:

$$ax^2 + c = 0, \quad b = 0 \text{ in standard Equation:-}$$

$$\Rightarrow ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

* For example:-

$$x^2 - 16 = 0$$

$$4x^2 = 7$$

These values are Pure form of quadratic Equation.