I would recommend this method for this experiment. A direct titration of aspirin would take much longer than a back titration and the human error can be minimized by doing multiple trials of the same tablet.

## Experimental:

For experimental procedure, refer to CHM 2354 Lab manual

With the exception of:

- Preparation and Standardization of 0.1 M HCl
  - This was done in Lab 3 and the remaining solution was stored and then used for this experiment as well

КНР	0.8182g	0.8424g	0.8257g						
Aspirin Tablets	0.4164g	0.4181g	0.4232g						
Aspirin Powder	0.4226								
Measurement Uncertainty for Table 1 = +/- 0.002g									
Aspirin Powder 0.4226   Measurement Uncertainty for Table 1 = +/- 0.002g   Results and Discussion   Results									
<u>Results</u>		Voles							
Table 2: Standardization of NaDH ChrKHP 3 0 6									
Drevie	Trin 20	Trial 2	Trial 3						
Initial Volume NaOH (m	L) 1.58	0.45	1.54						
Final Volume NaOH (mL	.) 38.65	38.50	38.90						
Total Volume NaOH (ml	L) 36.99	37.97	37.28						

Table 3: Back Titration of Tablet ASA Solutions with NaOH

	Powder		Tablet 1		Tablet 2			Tablet 3				
Trial	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Vi NaOH(mL)	0.38	16.62	32.90	0.78	17.12	0.38	0.42	16.68	0.12	16.08	1.38	17.10
Vf NaOH(ml)	16.62	32.90	49.12	16.36	33.22	16.32	16.68	32.65	16.20	32.18	17.10	32.84
Vt NaOH(mL)	16.24	16.22	16.22	16.36	16.10	15.94	16.26	15.97	16.08	15.98	15.72	15.74

Measurement Uncertainty for Tables 2&3 = +/- 0.02 mL