

- L - Logarithmic function
- I - Inverse Trigonometric functions
- A - Algebraic
- T - Trigonometric
- E - Exponential

Examples.

1) Evaluate the following

$$\int x \cdot \log x \, dx.$$

$\log x$ is Logarithmic function

$\therefore$ According to the serial order
LIATE first function is $\log x$.

$$\int \log x \cdot x \, dx.$$

Integration By parts Thm

$$I = \log x \int x \, dx - \int \left[\frac{d}{dx}(\log x) \int x \, dx \right] dx.$$

$$I = \log x \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right] - \int \left[\frac{1}{x} \int x \, dx \right] dx.$$

$$= \log x \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right] - \int \left[\frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \right] dx$$

$$= \log x \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right] - \int \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] dx.$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{2} \log x - \frac{1}{2} \int x \, dx$$