

HTML also defines special elements for defining text with special meaning. HTML uses elements like `<b>` and `<i>` for formatting output, like bold or italic text. Formatting elements were designed to display special types of text:

HTML TEXT FORMATTING

HTML `<b>` and `<strong>` Elements

The HTML `<b>` element defines **bold** text, without any extra importance.

Example:

```
<b>This is bold</b>
```

The HTML `<strong>` element defines **strong** text, with added semantic "strong" importance.

Example:

```
<i>This is italic</i>
```

The HTML `<em>` element defines emphasized text, with added semantic importance.

HTML TEXT FORMATTING

Tag	Purpose
<code></code> and <code></code>	To Bold Text
<code><i></code> and <code></code>	To Italic Text
<code><sub></code>	Defines subscripted text
<code><sup></code>	Defines superscripted text
<code><small></code>	Defines smaller text
<code><big></code>	Defines bigger text
<code><ins></code>	Defines inserted text
<code></code>	Defines deleted text
<code><mark></code>	Defines marked/highlighted text

HTML text formatting tags and purpose.

Note

Browser display `<strong>` as `<b>`, and `<em>` as `<i>`. However, there is a difference in the meaning of these tags: `<b>` and `<i>` defines bold and italic text, but `<strong>` and `<em>` means the txt is "important"

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Important

The HTML `<em>` element defines emphasized text, with added sematic importance.

Example:

```
<em>This text is emphasized</em>
```