

1-

A child sits on a merry-go-round that has a diameter of 6.00 m. The child uses her legs to push the merry-go-round, making it go from rest to an angular speed of 17.0 rpm in a time of 44.0 s.

What is the average angular acceleration α_{avg} of the merry-go-round in units of radians per second squared (rad/s^2)?

$$\alpha_{\text{avg}} = \text{[]} \text{ rad/s}^2$$

What is the angular displacement $\Delta\theta$ of the merry-go-round, in units of radians (rad), during the time the child pushes the merry-go-round?

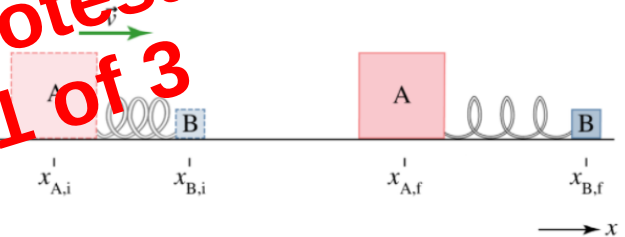
$$\Delta\theta = \text{[]} \text{ rad}$$

What is the maximum tangential speed v_{max} of the child if she rides on the edge of the platform?

$$v_{\text{max}} = \text{[]} \text{ m/s}$$

2-

A 3.0-kg block (A) is attached to a 1.0-kg block (B) by a massless spring that is compressed and locked in place, as shown in the figure. The blocks slide without friction along the x-direction at an initial constant speed of $v_i = 2.0 \text{ m/s}$. At time $t_0 = 0 \text{ s}$, the positions of blocks A and B are $x_{A,i} = 1.0 \text{ m}$ and $x_{B,i} = 1.2 \text{ m}$, respectively, at which point a mechanism releases the spring, and the blocks begin to oscillate as they slide.



If 2.0 s later block B is located at $x_{B,f} = 7.8 \text{ m}$, what will be the position $x_{A,f}$ of block A?

$$x_{A,f} = \text{[16]} \text{ m}$$

Incorrect