

Motivational and Affective factors

Motivational and Emotional Influences in learning

- ❑ *What and how much is learned is influenced by the learner's motivation. Motivation to learn, in turn, is influenced by the individual's emotional states, beliefs, interest and goals, and habits of thinking.*

- Law of Readiness

Intrinsic Motivation to Learn

- ❑ *The learner's creativity, higher order thinking and natural curiosity all contribute to motivation to learn. Intrinsic motivation is stimulated by tasks of optimal novelty and difficulty, relevant to personal interests, and providing for personal choice and control.*

- Individual Differences

Effects of Motivation on effort

- ❑ *Acquisition of complex knowledge and skills requires extended learner effort and guided practice. Without learner's motivation to learn, the willingness to exert this effort, the willingness to exert effort is unlikely without coercion.*

- LAD

Developmental and Social Factors

Developmental Influences on Learning

- ❑ As individuals develop, they encounter different opportunities and experiences, as well as constraints for learning.

Social Influences on Learning

- ❑ Learning is influenced by social interactions, interpersonal relation, and communication with others

Individual Differences factors

Individual Differences in Learning

- ❑ learners have different strategies, approaches and capabilities for learning that are a function of prior experience and heredity.