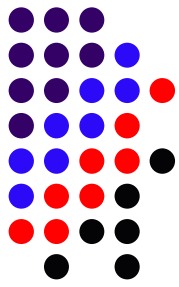
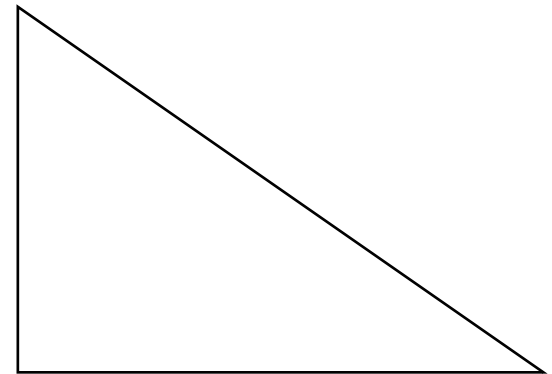
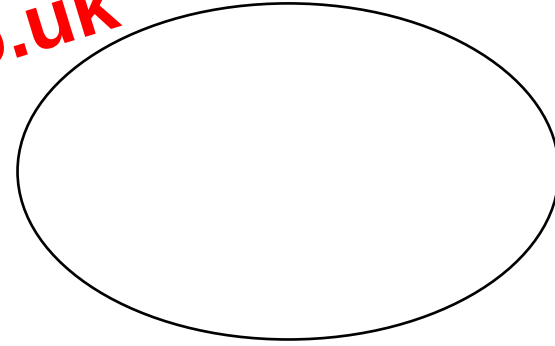


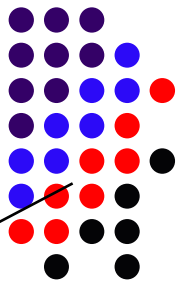
How does a T-account look like?



- Like a Capital "T"



Why record expenses and revenues separately in various T-accounts?



Retained Earnings

Rent Exp.	1,200	8,500	Sales Revenue
Salaries Exp.	1,650	1,300	Interest Revenue
Interest Exp.	800		
Dividends	2,000		

Sales Revenue

1,000
3,000
4,500

Interest Revenue

1,100
200

Interest Expense

450
350

Dividends

2,000

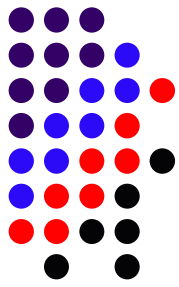
Rent Expense

800
400

Salaries Expense

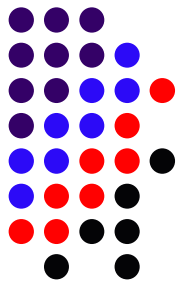
650
1,000

The Ledger



- Accounts are collectively referred to as the ledger
- Types of accounts
 - Balance Sheet accounts or real accounts or permanent accounts
 - Income statement accounts or nominal accounts or temporary accounts,
 - i.e., revenue, expenses, and dividends - all these are subdivisions of retained earnings

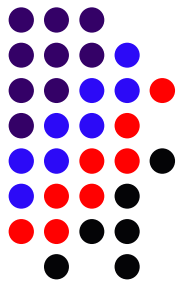
The company borrows \$3,000 from the bank



- Assets = Liabilities + Owners' Equity
- Cash Loans Payable
- +\$3,000 +\$3,000

Journal Entry

Dr Cash (+A)	3,000	
Cr Loans Payable (+L)		3,000



Prepare Income Statement

For the year ended December 31, 1997

Revenues: Fees earned for service	\$12,000
Expenses: Wages, interest, maintenance	<u>\$ 9,000</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 3,000</u>