



Posterior triangle of the neck

It has the following boundaries:

Apex: Union of the sternocleidomastoid and the trapezius muscles at the superior nuchal line of the occipital bone

Anterior: Posterior border of the sternocleidomastoideus

Posterior: Anterior border of the trapezius

Base: Middle one third of the clavicle

Roof: Superficial layer of the deep cervical fascia

Spondylolisthesis is the forward displacement of a vertebra, especially the fifth lumbar vertebra, most commonly occurring after a break or fracture

Spondylolisthesis is characterized by

vertebra above vertebra dislocat posterior

vertebra below vertebra dislocat posterior

vertebra above vertebra dislocat anterior

vertebra below vertebra dislocat anterior

12 y girl with facial palsy during assessment pt cannot look to the right horizontally weakness in the:

A. right rectus medialis

B. left rectus medialis

C. right rectus lateralis

c-planter flexion and inversion

d-dorsiflexion and inversion



In talipes equinovars?

- a- D.F everted adducted
- b- b- P.F inversion abducted
- c- D.F everted abducted
- d- **P.F INVERSION adducted**

- Patient with prosthesis has excessive flexion during gait due to

a- rigid S.A.C.H (Solid ankle cushioned heel)

b- P.T S.A.C.H

c- The socket too big

53-FASCIAL NERVE NUCLI INNERVATION

A-HAS UNILATERAL PYRAMIDAL INNERVATION

B-BILATERAL PYRAMIDAL INNERVATION

C-EXTRA PYRAMIDAL INNERVATION

D-HAS NO PYRAMIDAL INNERVATION

69- 60 YEARS FEMALE has acute severe RH.ARTHRITIS PT in future do

Strengthening ex which one is better

a- **isometric** ex

b- Isotonic ex

c- isokinetic ex

Legg-Calvé-Perthes disease (LCPD) is **avascular necrosis** of the proximal femoral head resulting from compromise of the tenuous blood supply to this area. LCPD usually occurs in children aged 4-10 years. The disease has an insidious onset and may occur after an injury to the hip

Erb's Palsy is loss of sensation in the arm and paralysis and atrophy of the **deltoid, biceps, and brachialis muscles**

90- child came to u with erbs palsy c5,c6 diagnosed by erb engram where is the affection

a- weakness of external rotators

b- spasticity of external rotators

c- abnormal pattern of movement + weakness of ant deltoid + biceps spasm

or in Erbs palsy the most affected muscle

71 – in Erbs palsy the most affected muscle

A – elbow flexors and supinators

B – medial rotators

- 1 – normal action potential
- A - -30 to – 60 mVolt
- **B - - 60 to – 90 mVolt**
- C - - 30 to – 90
- D - - 20 to – 80

Resting action potential is -70

38-years old with burn of **dermis,epidermis,and subcutaneous**

tissues the type of burn

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