## 25 Language Devices:

- 1. Pathetic Fallacy -This is when the weather or the atmosphere describes the mood.
- 2. Personification -This is when non-humans are given human qualities.
- 3. Simile When you compare two things using 'like' or 'as'
- 4. Metaphor -This is when you compare two things with is or are.
- 5. Extended Metaphor -Pick a metaphor and explain how
- 6. Oxymoron 2 opposite words side-by-side
- 7. Juxtaposition You explain an oxymoron.
- 8. Symbolism This is when objects represent a meaning.
- 9. Semantic field -This is where words are linked to an idea.
- 10. Irony -This is when events in the text surprise the characters. Something not expected!
- 11. Rhetorical Question The question does not require an answer
- 12. Hyperbole -This is when you hype when exaggerating.
- 13. Assonance-Is the repetition of the vowel sound.
- 14. Alliteration-Words in a row begin with the same letter.
- 15. Sibilance -This is when words in a row have the s letter or the s sound
- 16. Euphemism -This is when you say something indirectly.
- 17. Emotive Language-Is when the writer makes the reader feel emotional. By making them angry.
- 18. Onomatopoeia -Words describe the sound
- 19. Rule of 3 / Power of 3 / Triplets -Words or phrases in a row describe something (3)

- 20. Facts/ Stats
  21. Plosive Repetition of harsh sound words such as 'P' 'D' 'B' 22. Zoomorphism -This is when you give a person animal statutes.
  23. Opinion
  24. Repetition
  25. Nouns, Verbs, Adjectives Idverbs

  Structural Gevices:

  1. Flashback going back in time

## 25 Strict and Sevi

- 1. Flashback going back in time
- 2. Foreshadowing showing that something will happen in the future
- zoom in
- 4. zoom out
- 5. dialogue
- 6. new character
- 7. new setting
- 8. change in tone
- 9. long sentence detail
- 10. short sentence
- 11. long para
- 12. short para
- 13. shift in focus
- 14. cyclical structure
- 15. juxtaposition
- 16. extended metaphor
- 17. pace
- 18. list
- 19. point of view
- 20. tone