

$$\int_{y \text{ constant}} 2xy dx + \int (3y^2) dy = c$$

$$2y \int_{y \text{ constant}} x dx + 3 \int (y^2) dy = c \quad \left(\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \right)$$

$$2y \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right) + 3 \left(\frac{y^3}{3} \right) = c$$

$$yx^2 + y^3 = c$$

Which is required solution.

Problem -02

Solve $(2ye^{2x} + 2x \cos y)dx + (e^{2x} - x^2 \sin y)dy = 0$.

Solution:-

The given DE is $(2ye^{2x} + 2x \cos y)dx + (e^{2x} - x^2 \sin y)dy = 0$. -----(1)

Equation (1) is of the form $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ -----(2)

Comparing the above two equations, we get

$$M = 2ye^{2x} + 2x \cos y, N = e^{2x} - x^2 \sin y$$

Differentiate M partially with respect to y (Assuming 'x' constant), we get

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 2ye^{2x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 2x \cos y$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 2e^{2x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} y + 2x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \cos y$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 2e^{2x} \cdot 1 + 2x(-\sin y) \quad \left(\frac{\partial \cos ax}{\partial x} = -a \sin ax \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 2e^{2x} - 2x \sin y \quad \text{-----(3)}$$

Differentiate N partially with respect to x (Assuming 'y' constant), we get

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{2x} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} x^2 \sin y$$