

to find the sum. and stored it in the 'sum' variable. so it summed up these numbers and printed 357. '++' and '++' means number is incremented or. '++' means number is incremented or decrement by 1 by 1.. '++' will multiply multiply, '++' will minus minus, '/' will divide a with b and it '++' return the quotient. 'modulo'. When you divide a by b, it returns the remainder that is left..

Object Oriented Programming

Every class has two things properties and behavior. so there is a person who has some properties. each person has some property name and age. now, I have also made some behaviors of this person. for example, the first one is walk, second is eat. so all the persons will now have this behavior. p1. eat ; took place which means the object. P1, call its 'eat ' function/ method. the name of p1 object was called then [UNK] is eating ". the second one that i wrote was p2. walk ;. and it has. walk in which the function was called. now. Anuj is eating and Kuch Bhi is walking... Polymorphism is a Greek word made up of 2 words. it means you can take multiple forms. and walk is also taking forms once with steps argument and another without arguments. when you run it then both. Then both will call their respective functions. and why do we call that. because it is being checked at compile time.?

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Complete Java Collections Framework

we'll understand which data structures and algorithms are present with the collection framework. and we 'll be understanding their need and implementing them.. I 'll also tell you some tips and tricks. According to my experience. this video is sponsored by Codegym. there is collection framework and collection interface. people often have confusion about this. collection framework is huge which includes collection interface in it.. collection interface has children interfaces as well. segregation segregate data structures according to their property.. list is being implemented by array list, link list, stack and vector.. If you ever need to use it. There are very rare chances that it 'll be used.. learnarraylist is basically like normal arrays, just like you make arrays in Java., but those arrays have a drawback that their size can not be changed dynamically. here we get a scalable. scalable solution with the help of array list class. array list internally uses array and increases and decreases the size of the array itself.. so we do n't need to take tension and we can easily add multiple elements..