PHLOEM =

- → Transports food materials usually from leaves to other part of plant.
- → It is composed of four elements:-
 - → Sieve tube elements.
 - → Companion cells.
 - → Phloem parenchyma.
 - → Phloem fibres.

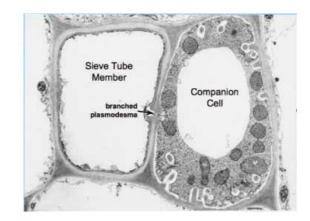
= SIEVE TUBE ELEMENTS =

- → Long tube like structure arranged longitudinally
- → Associated with companion cells.
- → Pierced to make holes

 → End walls are perforated to form sieve plates.
- → A mature sieve element possesses peripheral cytoplasm and a large vacuole by lacks nucleus.
- → The function of sieve elements controlled by nucleus of compared to the controlled by nucleus of controlled by nucleus of controlled by nucleus of controlled by nucleus of controlled by nucleus o
- → Sieve tubes are absent in pteridophytes will gyusosperms. Sieve cells and albuminous cells are the conducting regretation in gymnostering

- COMPANENTER - DS

- → Specialized parenchymatous cells.
- → Closely associated with sieve tube elements.
- → Connected with sieve tube element by pit fields longitudinally.
- Helps in maintaining pressure gradient in the sieve tubes.



= PHLOEM PARENCHYMA ==

- → Made up of elongated tapering cylindrical cells
- → Have dense cytoplasm and nucleus.
- → Cell wall made of cellulose and has pits through plasmodesmatal connections exist between the cells.
- → Store food materials and other substances like resins, latex and mucilages.
- → It is absent in monocotyledons.