3) Blood agents:

* They're agents has a hematotoxic (cytotoxic effect).

Examples:

* Cyanide (hydrocyanic acid & cyanogen chloride)

* Death occurs within 6-8 min after inhalation of high conc.

* Cyanide gas can absorbed through inhalation or in the liquid form can be swallowed accidently or intentionally.

* Absorption can be through skin can be extensive when the skin is abraded.

* Cyanide rapidly combines with cytochrome oxidase complex \rightarrow inhibition \rightarrow prevent aerobic resp. \rightarrow anaerobic metabolism \rightarrow severe lactic acidosis.

Complications:-

- * Heart & CNS are the most susceptible organs.
- * 15 seconds after inhalation → tachypnea, N, V, headacte O, UK
 * Cessation of resp. within 2-4 mit of essation

vithin 4-8 min * Cessation of hearth a

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Treatment:

* First \rightarrow IV amyl nitrate which causes dissociation of bound cyanide from cytochrome A3 & frees the enzyme to produce ATP again \rightarrow cyanomethemoglobin (non toxic).

* Can be given as inhalation in first aid.

* Second \rightarrow Sodium thiosulfate, it converts cyanide to thiocyanate \rightarrow renal exc.

- * **Cobalt** \rightarrow * available as dicobalt ededate
 - More effective than combination of sodium nitrite & sodium thiosulfate.

- Should be diagnosed before using cobalt due to inherent toxicity of cobalt.