Exam Paper for Project Management in BBA (With Answers)

PAPER # 1

- **Exam Paper: Project Management (BBA)**
- **Duration: 2 hours**
- **Instructions:**
- Answer all questions.
- Write your answers in the space provided or in a separate answer booklet if provided.
- Be concise and clear in your responses.
- Ensure you read each question carefully before answering.

1. Which of the following is not a key constraint in traject management?
a) Time
b) Cost
c) Quality E
d) Stakeholder satisfaction

- - **Answer: d) Stakeholder satisfaction**
- 2. What is the primary purpose of a project charter?
 - a) Define the project schedule
 - b) Authorize the project and provide project manager authority
 - c) Allocate resources to the project
 - d) Develop the project budget
 - **Answer: b) Authorize the project and provide project manager authority**
- 3. What does the term "scope creep" refer to in project management?

5. Which of the following is a sign that a project is in trouble?

A. The project is behind schedule. B. The project is over budget. C. The project's scope has changed significantly. D. The project team is not motivated. E. All of the above

Answer: E

Short Answer Questions

- 1. What are the five project management process groups?
- 2. What are the three key deliverables of the project scope management process group?
- 3. What are the four types of project risks?
- 4. What are the five earned value management metrics?
- 5. What are the five signs that a project is in trouble?

Answers:

- ung From Notesale.co.uk Notesale.co.uk 19 of 23 Monitoring and Boldoo Closing 1. The five project management process groups are:
 - Initiating
 - 0

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- Closing
- 2. The three key deliverables of the project scope management process group are:
 - Project scope statement
 - Work breakdown structure (WBS)
 - Requirements management plan
- 3. The four types of project risks are:
 - Technical risks 0
 - Schedule risks

- Executing: This process involves carrying out the project plan and monitoring progress.
- Monitoring and Controlling: This process involves tracking progress, identifying and addressing problems, and making necessary adjustments to the plan.
- Closing: This process involves completing all project activities, finalizing deliverables, and handing over the project to the customer.

Each of these processes is important in its own right, but they are also interconnected. For example, the planning process cannot be completed without a clear understanding of the project's scope, which is defined in the initiating process. Similarly, the monitoring and controlling process cannot be effective without a well-defined plan to track progress and identify problems.

Project management is a complex discipline, but it is essential for the success of any project. By understanding and applying the key project management processes, project managers can increase their chances of success.

End of Exam Paper

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