

Matrix Computation using MATLAB

- A matrix is entered **row-wise**, with consecutive **elements** of a **row** separated by a **space** or a **comma**, and the **rows** separated by **semicolons**. The entire matrix must be enclosed within square brackets.

Matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

MATLAB input command

$$A=[1 \ 2 \ 3;7 \ 8 \ 9]$$

OR

$$A=[1,2,3;7,8,9]$$

MATLAB Command:

```
A=[1 2 3;7 8 9;10 11 12];
```

```
B=A'
```

Answer

B =

1 7 10

2 8 11

3 9 12

MATLAB Command

```
C=[12 3 4-8*i;5*i 10 15];
```

```
Ct=C'
```

Answer

Ct =

12.0000 0 - 5.0000i

3.0000 10.0000

4.0000 + 8.0000i 15.0000

Exponentiation

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Find } A^3$$

MATLAB Command:

```
A=[1 0 2;2 4 5;1 2 2];  
B=A^3
```

Output:

```
B =  
    17    28    38  
   101   172   228  
    47    80   106
```

To find the determinant

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Find the determinant of A

MATLAB Command

```
A=[1 0 1;0 2 4;3 3 0];  
det(A)
```

```
ans =  
-18
```