

- D. The user
- E. The testing company - ANSA

Drying with paper towels, use of colorimetric procedures and alternate tamping methods can be used on materials that do not readily:

- A. Mix
- B. Dry
- C. Slump
- D. A and B - ANSC

Generally speaking, small samples are most representative of the total supply.

- A. True
- B. False - ANSB

In sampling, all material not passing a _____ sieve by dry sieving should be retained.

- A. 4.75 mm (No. 4)
- B. 2.36 mm (No. 8)
- C. 3.35 mm (No. 6)
- D. 2.00 mm (No. 10) - ANSA

More than _____ minutes is considered excessive time spent on the mechanical sieve shaker and may result in degradation of the sample.

- A. 5
- B. 10
- C. 15
- D. 20 - ANSD

The laboratory standard for absorption is the level obtained after _____ of soaking.

- A. 48 hr
- B. 15 hr
- C. 72 hr
- D. 7 days - ANSB

The mass of fine aggregate needed for the test sample is about:

- A. 450 g (1 lb)
- B. 2250 g (5 lb)
- C. 900 g (2 lb)
- D. 4500 g (10 lb) - ANSA

The method known as quartering:

- A. Cannot be performed with a canvas blanket on an uneven floor surface
- B. Cannot be performed without a canvas blanket
- C. Requires the use of a mechanical splitter
- D. Can be repeated until the sample is of the desired size - ANSD

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